BEAVER ARGUS.

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J. S. RUTAN & Co. Eds. & Pro'rs.

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Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year. Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

POETICAL.

LABOR.

There's never-dying chorus
Breaking on the human ear,
In the busy town before us
Voices loud, and deep, and clear,
This is labor's endless ditty;
This is toil's prophetic voice,
Sounding through the town and city
Bidding human hearts rejoice.

Sweeter than the poet's singing
Is that anthem of the free;
Blither is the anvil's ringing
Than the song of bird or bee.
There's a glory in the rattle
Of the wheels 'mid factory gloom,
Richer than e're snatched from battle
Are the trophies of the loom.

See the skillfull mason rising
Gacefully yon towering pile;
Round the forge and furnace blazing
Stand the noble men of toil.
They are heroes of the people,
Who the wealth of nations raise;
Every dome, and spire, and steeple
Rear their heads in labor's praise.

Glorious men of truth and labor,
Shepherds of the human fold,
That shall lay the brand and sabre
With the barbarous things of old,
Priest and prophets of creation,
Bloodless heroes in the fight,
[illegible]ers of the world's salvation,
Messengers of peace and light.

Speed the plow and speed the harrow
Peace and plenty send abroad;
Better far the spade and barrow
Than the cannon or the sword;
Each in[illegible] each improvement,
Render[illegible] oppression's rod;
Every sigh and every movement
Brings us nearer truth and God.

Miscellaneous.

We[illegible] Phillips.

Somebody [illegible] the story a few [illegible]ks ago, that [illegible]ll Phillips, the [illegible]fessional philanthropist and refo[illegible] notwithstanding his high toned [illegible]rality of principle and speech and [illegible]lowed as he is with a [illegible] [illegible]petency, is a man of [illegible] artlessness in the stewardship [illegible] ealth. That he is a very rich [illegible] true; but the gorgeous trappings of [illegible]alth, described by this scribbl[illegible] [illegible]ng the every-day we[illegible] of M[illegible] [illegible]tion of their graphic portrayer; [illegible]t there is a man in America who, [illegible]h the culture, refinement and kind [illegible]rtues of Wendell Phillips, yet [illegible]s in a style so unostentatious and [illegible]ssuming. I don't happen to remem[illegible] hearing of him. Any body who [illegible] ever seen the Boston Abolitionist [illegible]home in his little one-eyed house, Essex street, Boston, will bear me [illegible] in the assertion that very few men [illegible] his means would be content to crib [illegible]emselves within limits and sur[illegible]ndings so modest and mediocre. [illegible]e only prominent characteristic of [illegible]e Reformer's city house is the big, [illegible]ave way in which he has had the [illegible]me of "Phillips" painted on his front [illegible]or, and this, too, throughout many [illegible]ong year in the past when that name [illegible] a by-word and the accepted syn[illegible]ym of maniacal ultraism.

[illegible]o slavemonger's mob ever needed [illegible]look long for the house of the man [illegible]y hoped to hang or wished to lynch, [illegible] the filmiest eyes could read from [illegible]oss the street those bold, black let[illegible]s which stood for a beacon to the [illegible]e and a defiance to his master.— [illegible]t Mr. Phillips is by no means the [illegible]arry dispenser of his money this [illegible]ory-teller would have people think [illegible]m. He has never withheld from [illegible]ose who were its fit recipients, and [illegible]hen the record of this world's gen[illegible]ous deeds is finally made up there [illegible]ll be a good many misorly ingrates, [illegible]thless stewards, who would gladly [illegible]ade the very respectable character [illegible]ade for them by their conservatism [illegible] the benisons which hundreds and [illegible]ousands of beneficiaries will forever [illegible]ap upon the name and memory of [illegible]endell Phillips. We have many [illegible]mes of note upon the roll of gener[illegible]s givers among Americans, but it is [illegible] indispensable that Phillips should [illegible]e his name included there to make [illegible]t for him a clear title to the char[illegible]ter of a liberal, conscientious al[illegible]oner.

[illegible]PARATING A MOTHER AND CHILD.—[illegible]e Circuit Court in Morgantown, [illegible]Va., recently, a deeply affecting [illegible]ne took place. It occurred in the [illegible]tter of the *habeas corpus* granted at [illegible]e instance of Clerk Everly against [illegible]s wife for the rendition of the body [illegible] a child born to the parties prior to [illegible]eir separation. After a full hearing, [illegible]e Court gave judgment that the [illegible]other should deliver the child to the [illegible]ther. The Morgantown *Post* says: [illegible]It was then that a scene occurred [illegible]at beggars description. The moth[illegible] pressed her infant to her breast and [illegible]ung with all the tenacity of life to [illegible]e object of her fond hopes. Her [illegible]ud sobs and agonizing shrieks sent [illegible]ch a thrill of sorrow to the hearts [illegible] the bystanders as only the voice of [illegible]omen in distress can impart. The [illegible]sband endeavored to wrest it from [illegible]er arms, but could not do it, when the [illegible]eriff stepped forward to carry out [illegible]e order of the Court, and succeeded [illegible] obtaining the child. The loud cries [illegible] the mother thus doubly widowed, [illegible]ere heard for several squares from [illegible]e court house, as she was led away [illegible]pported by her father and brother."

Biographical Sketch of the Life of General Scott.

We give below a biographical sketch of the life of Lieutenant General Scott, who died at West Point, on the 28th ult., in the eightieth year of his age:

Gen. Winfield Scott was born in 1786, June 13th, at Petersburg, in Virginia, and his family was most respectable, though it was not one of "the first families" of the Old Dominion. He received the usual education, and became a lawyer; but in 1808 he was appointed a Captain of artillery in the American army, and stationed in Louisiana. He had no employment of importance until the breaking out of the war of 1812. He was made Lieutenant-Colonel of the 2d Artillery in July of that year, and ordered to the Canadian frontier. His first active service in the war was to take part in the capture of two British vessels, October 9. He was present [illegible] the battle of Queenstown Heights, [illegible] ber 14, and though the [illegible] action was unfortunate [illegible] the men who crossed the [illegible] into the hands of the enemy [illegible] duct was all[illegible] to have [illegible] soldier-like. [illegible] he been [illegible] properly, the early success of the day won under his le[illegible] have matured into compl[illegible]ry. After his exchange, Scott [illegible]ployed, in 1813, under the command of Dearborn, and then of Wilkinson, in Canada and had a leading place at the capture of Fort George, May 27. He was then a Colonel and Dearborn's Adintant-General, [illegible] resigned the la[illegible] post when appointed to the comm[illegible] double reg[illegible] July. In [illegible] pedition of Com. Chauncey ag[illegible] Burlington Heights and York he was present. When, toward the close of the year, it was resolved to descend the St. Lawrence and attack Montreal, Col. Scott commanded the advance; but the expedition came to a sudden and inglorious end, because of quarrels between the American generals, [illegible]ton and Wilk[illegible]

Two good Generals are said [illegible] worse than one [illegible] General; but [illegible] that time [illegible] bad G[illegible] by the brace, [illegible] never [illegible] pretended that [illegible] ence [illegible] by their mal[illegible] cation. During [illegible] early part of [illegible] Scott [illegible] ed in mak[illegible] [illegible] app[illegible] attached to General Brown's army.

Gen. Scott established a camp of instruction at Buffalo, in which his own brigade and that of Gen. Ripley were thoroughly drilled, together with a body of volunteers under command of Gen. Porter, and an artillery force. He introduced the French system into the army, and the good effects of his rigid discipline and patient instruction were seen as soon as the force took the field. Crossing the Niagara on the 3d of July, and taking Fort Erie and engaging in very lively skirmishing, these new American soldiers were found equal to all the demands of war.

The battle of Chippewa was fought July 5, and in that action Scott showed that he was as capable of handling and leading men in action as he was of instructing them in camp. The battle of Lundy's Lane was fought on the 25th, in which Gen. Scott received two wounds, and had two horses killed under him. It was supposed that his wounds were mortal, but he so far recovered by the close of September as to be able to comply with the Government's request that he would take command of the troops that were prepared for the defence of Baltimore and Philadelphia; and in October he took charge of the 10th military district, with his headquarters at Washington.

After the restoration of peace President Madison would have made him Secretary of War, but he would not accept the office. In 1815 he went to Europe, partly for the improvement of his health, but more with the view of studying his profession on the great scale that then was offered by the existence of the mighty armies created by the wars that had proceeded from the French Revolution. He was entrusted with a secret mission by his government, which feared the designs of England toward Cuba, and was anxious to know the purpose of Spain with respect to her American Colonies, then in a state of revolt in many places. He discharged his diplomatic duties so well that President Madison was highly pleased and caused him to be specially thanked.

On his return home he was assigned command of the seaboard, with his headquarters at New York. The condition of the country, fortunately, did not require much active employment on his part for many years. He acted against the Indians on several occasions in the Northwest the South and the Southwest. In 1832, at the time of the nullification troubles, he was sent to South Carolina, where his firm but conciliatory course commanded the approval of President Jackson, and his subsequent superintendence of the removal of the Cherokees was much commended.

When the revolutionary movements in Canada began, much excitement was created in the adjoining territory of the United States, many Americans "sympathizing" with and aiding the revolutionists. War would have followed between England and America, but for the discreet conduct of Gen. Scott, who was sent to the Northern frontier. Equally useful was his action at the time of the troubles concerning the Northeastern boundary. He shone as conspicuously as a pacificator as he had in the character of a soldier a quarter of a century earlier.

After the breaking out of the Mexican war in 1846, our Government resolved to attack Mexico from the Gulf, and General Scott was placed at the head of the expedition, he having been Commander-in-Chief of the army since the early months of 1841. He landed 12,000 men near Vera Cruz, March 9, 1847. Operations were conducted with great promptness, and before the close of the month Vera Cruz and the castle of San Juan were taken, and 5000 prisoners. He [illegible] moved into the interior, and [illegible] 18th of A[illegible]ated Santa An[illegible] Cerro [illegible] of the most m[illegible] icent [illegible] the [illegible] arrived [illegible]

The battle of C[illegible] the 20th, w[illegible] greed upon and [illegible] suspended until the 8th of [illegible] tem[illegible] battle of Molino del Rey was ga[illegible] Chapultepec on the 13[illegible] American army en[illegible] capit[illegible]

The brilli[illegible] service of Gen[illegible] in Mexico completed [illegible] fame as [illegible] dier, and gained foreign resp[illegible] his co[illegible] more th[illegible] been [illegible] Pres[illegible] and had received [illegible] several [illegible] national conve[illegible] 1852 th[illegible] been [illegible] electe[illegible] but [illegible] the conve[illegible] [illegible]ceived [illegible] Gen. Scott, as he received 1,386,580 votes, against 1,601,274 cast for Gen Pierce. Our system of choosing President does not give room for a fair expression of popular sentiment. There were peculiar circumstances connected with the election of 1852, which operated adversely to Gen. Scott.

Besides the want of Union in the Whig party, already mentioned, the Democrats had succeeded in getting up a "cry" against "agitation," and they had the art to make many well meaning people believe that Gen. Scott and his friends would renew the discussion on the slavery question—which discussion, it may be mentioned in passing, has never entirely ceased, and which the Democrats had determined never should cease, that being a portion of their political capital, and a large portion of it. The "platforms" of the two parties, in 1852, were essentially the same, as regarded the slavery question; but when the Democrats gained power they hastened to renew "agitation" with more heat than ever; and in the secession war the country saw the legitimate consequences of the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, a measure to which Gen. Scott, had he been chosen President, never would have given his consent. True conservatism received its severest blow in the United States by the decision of the Presidential election of that year.

Gen. Scott received the brevet rank of Lieutenant General in 1855, that rank being revived expressly that it might be conferred upon him, as a partial reward for his eminent services in camp and in council. The popular approbation of this promotion was so pronouncedly expressed that it showed that the refusal of the people to elevate its object to the Presidency had proceeded from no ill-will to him personally.

Four years later, and at the age of 73, Gen. Scott again came forward in the character of a pacificator. That year a dispute broke out between America and England respecting the boundary line of their possessions in the far Northwest, on the shores of the North Pacific ocean, a military question essentially, and the local commander having carried matters with a high hand, Government deemed it proper to send Gen. Scott to the scene of difficulty. He proceeded to that remote region, and soon arranged matters so that the cloud of war disappeared almost as rapidly as it had risen. Sterner labors, however, were now approaching the aged soldier.

In 1860, and immediately on it being known that Mr. Lincoln had been chosen President, the secession revolt began. Gen. Scott's advice to the Buchanan administration was to take such a measure as would have the effect of bridling the insurgents and prevent them from proceeding to the last measures of resistance to established authority. He desired President Buchanan to imitate the action of President Jackson in 1[illegible]2, and in carrying out which Gen. Scott had himself been one of the chief agents. Had his suggestions been followed rebellion would have been made very difficult, perhaps impossible on an extended scale. The principal forts at the South would have been adequately garrisoned, and naval forces would have acted in connection with their garrisons. The U[illegible] of the South would have ex[illegible] themselves; and probably the move[illegible]nt would have been restricted to S[illegible]th Carolina, a State bent [illegible]ruction.— But more th[illegible] members of the Buch[illegible] active traitors, [illegible] were disposed [illegible] ther re[illegible] bel[illegible] or not,— Bu[illegible] victim of [illegible] of get[illegible] in safe[illegible] only to [illegible] fense of [illegible] efficient. [illegible] the war [illegible] ary af[illegible] public [illegible] then [illegible] home [illegible] the dis[illegible] England, [illegible] tention, [illegible] return [illegible] t, and [illegible] which [illegible] nts and [illegible] gives [illegible] imposi[illegible] country: [illegible] publican [illegible] North it [illegible] nineteen[illegible] all Prot[illegible] the Epis[illegible] ty of the [illegible]; almost [illegible] moral or [illegible] tions; [illegible]-fifths of [illegible] n, teach[illegible] of returned [illegible] of the [illegible] especially [illegible] bankers, [illegible] jority of [illegible] ever since [illegible] en grow[illegible] its ac[illegible] cessions ha[illegible] lly from the [illegible] change [illegible] Democratic newspapers sneer at as radical, fanatical, incendiary. If there ever was, in the history of the world, a party that combined in a larger degree all the best elements of a nation, no record of its existence has come down to these times.—*Baltimore American.*

AN AFFECTING LETTER.—Our readers no doubt remember the recent passage, by the New York Legislature, of a bill preventing the use of free passes upon railroads, which bill was to take effect forthwith. The new law being inexorably enforced by a conductor of the New York Central railroad, he put off the cars at Utica a Fort Wayne (Indiana) editor, who had a "pass," but no money to pay his fare, and who thus tells his sorrows in an affecting letter to his wife:

UTICA, N. Y., May 31, 1866,
BLUE LION TAVERN.

"DEAR WIFE: Sell my t'other clothes for what they will bring, and remit at once. Had my linen duster for supper, and my spare shirt will have to go for lodging. May be able to make a light breakfast on a German silver comb and a pair of shears that I chanced to have with me. Don't know when I shall get home. It will depend a good deal on the walking. Don't marry for a few months; there is a bare possibility of my getting back. SIMON."

A SERENADE.—Artemus Ward was out late one night recently. Here is his account of his return home:

It was late when I got home. The children and my wife were all abed. But a candle—a candle made from taller of our own raisin'—gleamed in Betsy's room; it gleamed fer I! All was still. The sweet silver moon was a shinin' bright, and the beautiful stars was up to their usual doins! I felt a sentymental mood so gently ore me stealin', and I pawsed before Betsy's winder, and sung, in a kind of op'ratic vois, as follers, impromptu to to wit:

Wake, Betsy, wake,
My sweet galoot!
Rise up, fair lady,
While I touch my lute!

The winder—I regret to say that the winder went up with a vi'lent crash, and a form in spotless white exclaimed, "Cum into the house you old fool. To morrer you'll be goin' round complainin' about your liver."

THE Richmond *Times* declares that the attempts to make Jeff. Davis "odious as a traitor, have canonized him in the affections of a brave and noble people." He as nobly deserves being canonized as did the rebellious Sepoys.

A COPPERHEAD editor exclaims, in view of the increasing strength of Republicanism, "Unless the people respond we are lost!" Then by all means, good people, don't respond.—Let the fellow be lost, for the country will be none the poorer.

A Shot at the Decanter.

BY REV. THEO. L. CUYLER.

The inherent wrong of using intoxicating drinks is two fold. First. It exposes to danger the man who tampers with it; for no man was ever positively assured by his Creator that he could play with the "adder" that lies in a wine-cup without being stung by it. Second. It puts a stumbling-block in the way of him which we are commanded to love as ourselves.

Now, on the same principle—not of self-preservation merely, but of avoiding what is dangerous to others—what right have I to sustain those fountain-heads of death from which the drink-poison is sold? What right have I to advocate their license, to patronize the traffic or even in any [illegible] the whole system of drinking alcoholic stimulants at home or abroad? If a glass of wine on my table will entrap some young man, or some one who is inclined to stimulants, into dissipation, then am I thoughtlessly setting a trap for his life. I am his tempter. I gave the usage my sanction, and to him the direct inducement to partake of the bottle demon that sparkles so seductively before him. If the contents of that sparkling glass make my brother to stumble, he stumbles over me. If he goes away from my table and commits some outrage under the effects of that stimulant, I am, to a certain degree, guilty of that outrage. I have a partnership in every blow he strikes, or in every oath he may utter, or in every bitter wound he may inflict on the hearts of those he loves, while under the spell of my glass of "Cognac" or "Burgundy." I gave him the incentive to do what otherwise he might have left undone. The man who puts the bottle to his neighbor's lips is accountable for what comes from his lips under the influence of the dram, and is accountable too for every outrage the maddened victim of the cup may perpetrate during his temporary insanity.

In this view of the question, is it too much to ask of every professed Christian, and every lover of his kind that they will wholly abstain from every thing that can intoxicate? For the sake of poor children, do it. For the sake of those who will plead your example; for the sake of the frail tempted ones you cannot say, No! for your fellow-traveler's sake to God's bar, [illegible] scales damnation hides its adder sting.

It is old fashioned total abstinence that we are pleading for. We ask it as Paul did, for the sake of those who "stumble." O, those stumblers! those stumblers! We dare not speak of them. It would touch many of us too tenderly. It would reveal too many wrecks—that angels wept over. It would open tombs whose charitable green turf hides out of sight what many a survivor would love to have forgotten. It would recall to me many a college friend who went down at midday into blackness of darkness.

And to-day I see this social curse coming back into our houses, into our streets, into our daily usages of life, with redoubled power. Would that every parent were a "prohibitory law," to his family! Would that every pulpit and every platform would thunder forth the old warning cry, "Look not on the wine when it is red, when it giveth its color in the cup, for at last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." At the last! at the last! But, O! who can tell when that "last" shall ever end? When will the victims' last groan be heard? When will the last horror seize upon his wretched soul?

GIRLS.—There are two kinds of girls. One is the kind that appears best abroad,—the girls that are good for balls, rides, parties, visits, &c., and whose chief delight is in such things. The other is the kind that appears best at home,—the girls that are useful and cheerful in the dining-room, and all the precincts of home. They differ widely in character. One is often a torment at home; the other a blessing; one is a moth, consuming everything about her; the other, a sunbeam, diffusing life and gladness to all around her.

A TRAVELLER stopping at a Western hotel exclaimed one morning to the waiter, "What are you about, you black rascal? You have roused me twice from sleep by telling me breakfast is ready, and now you are attempting to strip off the bed clothes"— "Why," replied Pompey, "if you isn't gwine to git up I must have de sheet, anyhow, 'cause dey'r waitin' for de table cloff."

PUSH AHEAD.—Woe to him who lacks energy in this age of push. He is a pigmy among Sampsons. The little life he has in him is sure to be trampled out. Onward is the word, and the vigorous marches are pitiless. They time their steps to the quick beating of their own hearts, and keep moving while the pulse-throb last.

"HOULD aisy MIKE," said one of two Irish pedestrians, as he reverently approached a milestone. "Tread lightly," said he, for here lies a very old man." Pat carefully spelled out the inscription, "Baltimore 154 miles," and then continued: "He was 154 years ould, and his name was Miles, from Baltimore."

The Horrors of Quarantine.

The condition of things in the Quarantine of New York to-day, says the New York *Times* of the 4th inst., is a disgrace and scandal to American civilization and humanity. Let our readers imagine themselves in the place of the poor German and Danish emigrants who have recently arrived here. They leave the European ports perfectly well looking forward to all the comfort, prosperity and liberty which America holds out to the foreign laborer and farmer.

Owing to the massing of passengers together in the steerage cabins, the imperfect ventilation and the new diet to which these strangers are unaccustomed, the terrible modern scourge of sanitary offences appears, and a [illegible] not large number—die of cholera.

They reach at length the great American port, where they expect an immediate escape from their poisonous hold and dying comrades, to tread on land again, breathe pure air, and be free from immediate contact with the sick and dead. Those who have ever heard of the most cruel and stupid Turkish quarantine know that a bit of land and a place to stretch the limbs is allowed, even to the most despised "Franks." They expect nothing less, and have certainly the right to look for something more from the science and humanity of New York. But, to their horrors, the healthy passengers discover soon that not an inch of soil is open to them to touch on all the continent. On one side is a barren but breezy island, the very place to recruit a sick man, and where he could infect no other; but this is closed as if inhabited by barbarians, because "Long Island" objects. Far out exposed to the healthful gales of Atlantic, is a narrow strip of land, of no earthly use, and seemingly designed by nature for a quarantine; but this is tabooed ground, because New Jersey forbids. So with Staten Island, and with every square yard of soil on which they might rest their feet.

These strangers, who have been sleeping by the sick and dying for weeks, learn with horror that now they must continue to live and sleep in the pestilential and gloomy hold, and be chained to this floating ship of death, and that all America has not a place even for a tent, where they could escape the pestilence. [illegible] pear every day. Thirty-five fresh victims were attacked on Friday.— The Deputy Health Officer reports that "something must be done soon, or the mortality among the passengers of the Peruvian will exceed that of any vessel over in this port." "The hospital, he adds, "is now much over-crowded. Every available space on the ship is occupied with dead and dying. * * We have buried thirteen this morning, and the number will be increased this evening." The Quarantine officer on the Falcon writes: "The old Falcon is as full as she can be of the worst cases of cholera I ever saw in my life."

There are now seven hundred persons together on these ships in our harbor, and the Health Officer states that some of them have very naturally attempted by force to break out from their floating *lazars*, and that a mutiny is liable to occur at any time.

But this is not all. There are now two cholera ships in the harbor. Dr. Swinburne publicly states to the Board of Health that if another ship with diseased passengers arrives, he has not a place in which to put a patient!

It is very clear what all this is tending to. If half a dozen more emigrant ships arrive with cholera cases, we shall make the Lower Bay an intensified centre of cholera, which will give the pestilence such maligancy that nothing will save the country from its attack, and New Jersey and Long Island may receive the punishment for their inhumanity in a direct and terrible form.

WHAT singular creatures girls are. Offer one of them good wages to work for you, and then ten chances to one if the old woman can spare one of her girls. But just propose matrimony, and see if they don't jump at the chance of working a life time for their vituals and clothes.

J. BILLINGS says: "I never could find the meaning of the word 'collide' in Webster. But riding one day on the New York Railway I saw it all. It was the attempt of two trains to pass each other on a single track. If I remember correctly it was a shocking failure."

ONE of the lady teachers in the industrial school at Petersburg, Va., was recently questioning her pupils from Scripture, and asked: "Who died for you?" To which a little fellow shouted in reply, "Abraham Lincoln."

MOST men work for the present, a few for the future, the wise work for both—for the future in the present, and for the present in the future.

AN exchange paper thinks Hiram Powers, the sculpture, is a swindler, because he "chiseled an unfortunate Greek girl out of a block of marble."

THE New York *Herald* a Democratic paper, says: "The setting up of Clymer against Geary amounts to a democratic defeat in advance."

The Currant.

In the selection of small fruits specially adapted to planting in a new country, we should set high value on the currant. Nor is it much less desirable on an old homestead that is well furnished with fruit; but where the insatiable currant worm has established itself this crop is a costly and a difficult one to grow. For family use the currant is hardly surpassed by any one of the bush or vine summer fruits. Scarcely is the berry formed from the flower, ere it is plucked and used for food. When fully ripe, its taste is agreeably acid during the hot weather, and it has the peculiar and valuable quality, in so small a fruit, of keeping perfectly for weeks on the bushes, after its color and size announce its maturity. Its value in cookery is well known, and its fermented juice forms a beverage which is superior to any other manufactured from fruit, except that made from the apple and grape.

The currant is very easily propagated from cuttings taken from the latest growth. They should be long enough to reach to the moist soil, and they ought to be planted early in the spring—before the buds start. There are two methods of training—one to allow the bush to take its natural habit, assisting it by proper thinning and pruning, and the other to force it to grow in the tree form. For general cultivation the first method is preferable; it is more natural, and we think the plant will be longer lived and healthier. At proper intervals the old wood can be cut away and the growth renewed by suckers springing from buds below the ground. The tree form is very handsome, convenient for tillage, and for a few years produces very fine fruit. When this form is desirable it is only necessary to remove all the buds on the cutting below where you wish the branches to form. They should be cut out with a knife. If any suckers spring up from the ground, or branches start too low down, they may be easily removed, and when the plant becomes well established in its growth, no further trouble will arise from this source.— Four or five feet apart in the row is a convenient distance to plant.—*Rural New-Yorker.*

Dry Earth as a Deodorizer.

Dry earth, of a loamy sort, is the many places about [illegible] attainable deo[illegible] hen house should [illegible] in material, and if it is stirred up every day with a hoe no disagreeable smell will emanate from the hen manure. In due time the earth will be formed into a verp rich fertilizer, especially valuable for the garden. Loam may also be used with good results at the outlet of the drain from the house sink—down which so much of the soap suds flow—and also that, if you have one, from the barn yard, which often carries away a stream of liquid manure. In those positions the loam retains all the manurial ingredients cast upon it, turns dark in color, and becomes extremely rich. When thoroughly saturated it should be removed and fresh put in its place. Dry loam is also excellent to mix with night soil in the vault. A mistake is frequently made in the construction of the latter; the vault is made too deep, and without any outside opening. If possible it should be provided with a falling slide-door at the bottom of the vault on the back side, and so constructed that this opening is easily accessible from the outside. Then by freely putting dry earth upon the night soil from above, it is deodorized and converted into valuable manure, and it can be removed at any time, without offence, from the slide-door at the bottom of the vault.—*Exchange.*

Horses at Pasture.

Every horse in this country ought to have at least a few weeks' run in the pasture. It will do for him what no kind of medicine or nursing can do as well. It will improve his hoofs, his hair and skin, his wind, digestion, and blood, will take out stiffness and lameness, and put on flesh, and infuse new life genearlly.

Before turning horses out, it is well to accustom them gradually to that kind of food, by cutting a little grass for them to "bait" an hour so daily in the back yard. And when let out, they should not have "flush" feed at first, as they will be likely to over-eat, and injure themselves, both in their looks and their wind. The best grass for a horse pasture is a mixture of timothy, blue grass, and red top. Horses relish this feed better when it is moderately short. When they are to be turned out for any length of time, and not to be used much in the mean time, they should have only a light pair of shoes. This will allow the hoofs to come in close contact with the soft earth, and will prevent contraction. Where horses cannot enjoy pasturage, they should have fresh cut grass as often as convenient, and should have their stall floors covered with tan bark, or better, have the planks taken up and floors laid.—*Am. Agriculturist.*

FIVE cords of green wood are as heavy as eight of dry.

SAVE your suds for garden plants, or to harden yards when sandy.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. S. RUTAN .... J. L. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

JUNE 13th, 1866.

FOR GOVERNOR,

GEN. JOHN W. GEARY,

OF CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

Union County Nominations.

Congress.
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;
President Judge.
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, New Brighton;
Associate Judge.
AGNEW DUFF, New Brighton;
State Senate.
COL. A. W. TAYLOR, Borough;
Assembly.
MATTHEW S. QUAY, Beaver;
Sheriff.
JOHN S. LITTELL, Hookstown;
Register & Recorder.
DARIUS SINGLETON, Raccoon;
Clerk of Courts.
JOHN A. FRAZIER, Beaver.
Commissioner.
JAS. WARNOCK, North Sewickly;
Poor House Director.
JOHN K. POTTER, Raccoon;
Auditor.
J. F. M'MILLIN, S. Beaver;
Trustees of Academy.
DR. JOHN MURRAY, Bridgewater;
DR. DAVID STANTON, N. Brighton;

PRESIDENT JOHNSON claims to be carrying out the policy of President Lincoln and the platform of the Baltimore Convention of 1864. The Democratic party denounced Lincoln's policy in the severest terms, and could not refrain from rejoicing at his assassination, and denounced more bitterly the Baltimore platform on which he was re-elected President.—Now that same party professes to endorse the same policy and to support his successor who represents it. The Chicago platform proclaimed the war a failure, and differed in every particular as much from the Baltimore platform as did the Baltimore platform from the platform of rebels in arms. Has the masses of the Democratic party, together with the corrupt and dangerous leaders been thoroughly converted, or is this mere pretense? We cannot believe that the leaders are any better now than they were in 1864, when they met in the city of Chicago, and counselled and conspired with the emissaries of the Con- [illegible] party had rendered itself so odious during the war that no hope of regaining power could be entertained without some such summersault. No thinking man can be deceived, however, and we are certain the President regards the action of his new friends in its true light. Clymer in 1863 endorsed Vallandigham, and in 1864 was found opposing the Government and asserting the war a failure, and the suppression of rebellion impossible. He wants to be elected Governor now, and does anybody believe he is sincere in endorsing Johnson and the Baltimore platform?

WE are credibly informed that a Democratic speaker of this place charged, at a Democratic meeting in Brighton township, that the present Board of Commissioners—naming each of them—were stealing the people's money, because they sat about two hundred and fifty days in the year, and that in Democratic time it was not so. The charge of stealing is rather a serious one to make, and we were surprised to learn who had made it. But let us see how this matter is. From 1849 to 1854 the Board of Commissioners were Democratic. The average number of days each year charged for by each Commissioner was about two hundred and five, and their wages amounted to six and a half per cent. of amount of receipts of the county. Then the receipts amounted to $14,000. Now they are $94,000.—Number of warrants granted then, 1000 a year; now they amount to 1600. In addition to this, the Commissioners of the present day have the duties of the Relief Board to attend to, which requires at least thirty additional days. The amount paid Commissioners now amounts to but two and a half per cent., just four per cent. less than under Democratic administration. The taxables of the county have increased largely, and the duties of the office increase accordingly. If it took a Democratic Board 205 days each to supervise the collection and disbursement of $14,000 a year, how many days would be required to direct the collection and disbursement of $94,000? We leave the question for candid men to answer. Again, in 1852 the Democratic Commissioners charged and received $278 50, in addition to their pay for incidental expenses, such as traveling, &c., and in 1865 $78,00 were charged and received. You have the comparison, gentlemen, what do you think of it?

ON the evening of Tuesday, 5th inst., according to previous announcement, Col. Chas. H Shriner favored the people of Beaver county with his views upon the vexed question of the reconstruction of the rebellious States. The Court House was well filled by an audience in which the Democratic element predominated decidedly, and had the front seats. The Colonel had announced himself a Union man and a supporter of the Union ticket, that he was a friend of the President and of his policy, the justice and constitutionality of which his speech would demonstrate, but that he desired the election of Geary as did Johnson, and that his argument would be conciliatory, and directed to strengthen the Union cause. The contempt and hatred of the President he alleged to the copperhead faction, was too deep and sincere to admit of a possibility of his affiliation with them, or of his ever abandoning the party which placed him in power. With this understanding, it was not strange that staunch Union men were betrayed into giving him a welcome, and officiating as officers at the meeting.

But it resulted that despite his professions, the Col. had been whoring with the Democracy. It is alleged that he held private council with their leaders, and that the resolutions read and passed by the Democrats at the meeting were prepared upon consultation with their leaders, whom in Republican society he was pretending to denounce and despise. It is certain that these gentlemen were active in filling the house, that they knew that resolutions were to be passed, and their nature, and that they were present in person to indicate to the unsophisticated of their followers when a good hit was made and where the applause came in. The speech of Col. Shriner justified them in their efforts. It was not as much a vindication of the President as an attack upon Congress, a bitter personal tirade against the true and tried men of the Republican party, who were denounced as conspirators and revolutionists, deserving places in History beside Murat, Danton and Robespierre, and aiming at the deposition of the President, which, unless the people interfered would, said the speaker, be attempted within forty days. As a result, he gave us the picture of the streets of our towns and cities running in blood, which we had heard portrayed by Gibson, of Washington, in his traitorous harangue in [illegible] taking it all in all, was such an one as Montgomery, or Gibson, or Wilson could have made, without losing a man of their following. If the Democracy had employed an emissary in the guise of a Republican, to come here and endeavor to distract and divide the friends of the Union, he would have talked as Shriner talked, and they could not have applauded him more heartily than they applauded Shriner. If, in the two hours occupied by his carefully prepared effort, he uttered a word to indicate his sympathy with the Union party, or which in the most remote degree could encourage its members or strengthen its candidate in the campaign now upon us, we failed to detect it.

There are perhaps some members of the Union party in Beaver county who adopt the policy of President Johnson in every feature; there are others who endorse the most radical propositions of Sumner and Stevens and the leaders of the majority in Congress. The masses of the loyal people, however, look upon the present imbroglio at Washington as a conflict of opinion between statesmen alike loyal to the Union, and striving to the same great end, and look forward confidently to the day when the President and Congress shall meet upon some safe middle ground, and give the country that peace in the capitol which it has conquered in the field. There are none, we think, ready to denounce Johnson, Seward, Dennison and Stanton as traitors, nor to rank Sumner, Stevens, Wade and Wilson with such conspirators as Murat and Robespeirre, even at the bidding of Shriner. Those who listened to his invectives against these tried and patriotic statesmen, could not but reflect that when Freedom first set her hosts in array against Slavery and Calhounism, these men bared their blades in the front of her battle, and that Shriner was then and long afterward a captain in the ranks of her enemies, and doubt his sincerity and deny his right to pass judgment upon them. And we think there are none of whatever shade of opinion who will not agree that the man who attempts, as Shriner has done, to arouse and exasperate the Union party against either their President or representatives, if not intentionally, is directly ministering to the success of their enemies.

Col. Shriner's political orbit may be a little eccentric, but to our mind he is revolving about a fixed point of attraction, and very surely approaching his original place of departure.—We knew him first as a Democrat of the straightest sect, and for his fidelity to that party, he reaped the profits of the Whiskey Inspectorship at Philadelphia, during the term of Gov. Bigler. Ten years ago he was prominent in the councils of the unterrified in this section; his face was familiar to those who frequented their State and County Conventions, and he was, if we mistake not, on one or two occasions their ornamental candidate for Legislative preferment. But when the sceptre of power departed from the Democracy, Shriner followed its glittering lure into the camps of the opposition. In 1860 he was a delegate to the Reading Convention, and an aspirant for the honor of representing the Democrats of this Congression District at Charleston; in 1862 he joined enthusiastically in ratifying the nominations of Cochran and Ross. Within the same brief term, from a bitter and denunciatory enemy of Simon Cameron, he became his admiring adherent, and that gentleman characteristically rewarded his new born devotion by an Assistant Assessorship in Union county. In 1864, though not a candidate before the people of his district for the Union nomination for State Senate, thro' some adroit jugglery he turned up uppermost in the Senatorial Conference, and running as Cameron's candidate, was decisively defeated. The General soothed his mortification by the present of the District Collectorship of U. S. taxes, which comfortable berth the Colonel now enjoys. When Cameron, true to the cardinal principles of Republicanism, and believing the position of the President to be inconsistent therewith, parted company with Johnson, he had no longer a voice in the distribution of the Executive patronage, and Shriner parted company with Cameron. He has now almost completed the circle of party and position. His speech of Tuesday evening, as was remarked by a leading Democrat, "was a good enough Clymer speech for him," and before many months he will doubtless be delighting Democratic audiences, with the Democratic eloquence which delighted them of yore.

Censorious persons, in view of the Colonel's political record, may regard his opinions and professions short-lived and of little importance; but if they should charge him with treachery to [illegible] He has developed in remarkable perfection the faculty of turning precisely such a political summersault as the exigencies of the time require of him, and lighting unerringly upon his feet. This time, however, we fear he has erred wofully. His last acrobatic performance can scarcely fail to land him upon his back in the slough of defeated Democracy, beside that "eloquent champion of the people's rights," who is the special object of his adulation.

THE *Local* charges that the soldiers who assembled at the Court House a few evenings since, to elect Delegates to the State Soldiers' Convention, were all "feather bed soldiers." This statement has just as much truth and justice in it as we might expect the editor of that paper to indulge in when referring to the defenders of the country. Nearly all who were present at that meeting, so far as we can remember, had been severely wounded "at the front," in the service of the country, and were all brave and true soldiers, of whose record every loyal citizen is proud. This is only another effort on the part of the *Local* to detract from the merited honor of the of the brave defenders of the country, because in defending the country so well they ruined the hopes of the modern Democracy. You will see where the true soldiers are in October, Mr. Editor.

THE Fenian war turned out to have been a fizzle. The invasion of Canada has been abandoned, and thousands of deluded Irishmen are at Buffalo, Malones, St. Albans, and elsewhere, awaiting transportation to their homes in the United States. A large party, said to number 1,500, appear to have reached Boston [illegible]; also others at Albany and elsewhere.

☞The trial of Jeff. Davis has been postponed until October. Efforts are being made by his counsel to have him released on bail and parole. They have had several interviews with the President for this object, and it is reported that they are sanguine of success.

THE Raleigh (N. C.) *Sentinel* views with considerable favor the pending plan of reconstruction. It says: "It is our deliberate opinion that the above terms are the very best the Southern States can obtain. If these terms should be rejected, heavier and more stringent measures will be required. Delay in this matter will be dangerous."

A correspondent of the West Chester *Republican* urges Hon. John Hickman, of Chester county, as a candidate for the United States Senate.

WE notice that the Harrisburg *Telegraph* persistently abuses Governor Curtin for his failure to sign the bill passed by the last Legislature disfranchising deserters. In its excess of zeal it keeps up the fire upon him for a day or two after the bill was actually signed and a law.

The bill was retained, very properly, by the Governor to await the decision of our Supreme Court upon the question of the constitutionality of the act of Congress upon which our State law was based. A case involving the principle was well known to the Governor, as well as to the editor of the *Telegraph*, was set down for argument at the May term, held at Harrisburg a week or two ago, and the Executive anticipated a speedy decision, which would be [illegible] decisive of the fate of the bill [illegible] his hands. The argument was d[illegible]y heard, but the Court deferring it[illegible] the Governor determined [illegible] longer and promptly [illegible]. This is the sum and su[illegible] heinous offence whi[illegible] the *Telegraph*, Go[illegible] against th[illegible] no one, unact[illegible] will deny t[illegible] as became [illegible]

It is int[illegible] ern pape[illegible] Court wi[illegible] if the *T*[illegible] its thun[illegible] Supreme Bench it w[illegible] of the dis[illegible] posing [illegible] a candidate for the [illegible] Curtin [illegible] nently [illegible] last te[illegible] with that po[illegible] secret of the *Tele*[illegible] We belie[illegible] sents to [illegible] ful Comm[illegible] dignity to [illegible] already conferred upon [illegible] cent nomi[illegible] tleman wh[illegible] *graph* is [illegible] supporter, and if our [illegible] East are reliable, [illegible] better there. The [illegible] clined to d[illegible] the [illegible] paper pip[illegible] them [illegible]

In this c[illegible] tion of the [illegible] in publish[illegible] substance [illegible] lutions of [illegible] Republican Convention of Lawrence count[illegible] doub[illegible] resentative from that county to support Gov. Curtin for the Senate.

Political.

The Democrats of Illinois confess themselves "dead broke," and their Central Committee have decided not to put a State ticket in the field this year.

On Tuesday of last week the Republicans of Venango county unanimously re-nominated the Hon. Thos. Hoge for Senator from the 28th district. Mercer and Warren have yet to pet on the subject.

W. L. Whann, one of the Representatives in the last Legislature of the Venango and Warren district, has been re-nominated by the Republicans of Venango for re-election.

The Greene County *Republican* says that Hon. George V. Lawrence will receive the nomination in that county without opposition—which insures his unanimous nomination in the District.

Last week the Republicans of Armstrong county nominated the following ticket: President Judge, Joseph Buffington; Congress, Thomas Williams; Associate Judge, R. M. Beatty; Assembly, F. Meckling; Register and Recorder, P. K. Bowman; Prothonotary, John G Parr.

The name of Gen. T. F. Wildes, as a candidate for Secretary of State, of Ohio, is mentioned. The General served with distinction in the war for the Union. He entered the service in 1862 a Lieut. Colonel, and fought his way up to the rank of Brevet Brigadier General.

Rev W. T. McAdams, of Mercer county, will be presented by his citizen and soldier friends as a candidate for Congress in the 20th District, subject to the decision of the Mercer Union Convention. William Acre, Esq., of Greenville, is also a Mercer county candidate for Congress in the same district.

The Democrats of the Nineteenth district having run Dan Rice for State Senate and had him defeated, now propose to run him for Congress.—The Girard *Spectator* announces that a call is being circulated to bring him out for Congress upon the Johnson platform, and understands that the call is "numerously signed."

The Clymer Copperheads propose to hold a Mass State Convention in Reading on the 11th of July. It is called by their State Central Committee. Whereupon the Reading *Journal* remarks: "There was a Mass Copperhead Meeting here three years ago, but it didn't amount to much. Some of the back-township folks, when they saw the big crowd, thought Woodward would be elected beyond all doubt—and talked of twenty thousand majority—but when the vote came to be counted the twenty thousand majority turned up on the other side—for Andy Curtin. So it will be again. The biggest sort of humbug, in Berks or elsewhere, will not save Clymer's bacon.

The Soldiers' Convention at Pittsburg.

The Soldiers' Convention, which met last week in Pittsburg, was one of the largest and most respectable ever held in the city. We have not space to give a lengthy account of the proceedings. The meeting was very interesting and harmonious. That the "boys in blue" will do all they can to elect that true and tried soldier, Gen. John W. Geary, and defeat Heister Clymer, we have no doubt. The following resolutions were adopted amid shouts of applause:

WHEREAS, We, the representatives of the soldiers and sailors of Pennsylvania assembled in convention, in obedience to a call recognized and formally acted upon throughout the Commonwealth, having in remembrance the sufferings and trials endured in the successful struggle against a gigantic rebellion, and being determined to perpetuate the great principles established by our arms and sanctified by the blood of our comrades, do resolve—

First. That we return to the Omnipotent Ruler of the Universe our sincere and heartfelt thanks for the crowning victory vouchsafed to our efforts against a rebellion which had for its object the destruction of our great Republic.

Second. That the tender care exercised by ou[illegible] Government and people for the remains of o[illegible] martyred heroes, for the widows and orphans [illegible] commands our warmest [illegible]tude.

[illegible] That it is contra[illegible] to public policy, and subversive of the g[illegible] on by our patriotic bl[illegible] to permit [illegible] to hold offices of honor [illegible] profit un[illegible] General Government who, by word or deed, [illegible] the Union armies [illegible] cause for which they fo[illegible]

Fourth. That the soldiers [illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] triumph of the [illegible] yielding [illegible] Pennsylvania [illegible] following [illegible] a basis [illegible] should be [illegible] most chivalrous [illegible] magnanimity requires; but without [illegible] a principle compromising the rights, above all, deserting an all[illegible] guarantees [illegible] South and incor[illegible] Consti[illegible] are [illegible] to all [illegible] all classes, conditions [illegible] colors, and [illegible] the national faith from violation.

[illegible] That the [illegible] ought not to be [illegible] into [illegible] guaran[illegible] obt[illegible] ingly [illegible] to which rightfull[illegible] all [illegible] of reconstruction, [illegible] ially [illegible] in their [illegible] antees.

[illegible] That with [illegible] took [illegible] the in[illegible] security, a[illegible] the [illegible] under [illegible] patriots [illegible] in the [illegible]

Ni[illegible] render[illegible] he now b[illegible] pledge to him our hearty support, and ask the same for him from all those who acknowledge the debt of gratitude due from the country to its saviours.

Tenth. That the soldiers of Pennsylvania recognize no warmer or truer friend than Governor Andrew Gregg Curtin. His name is our watchword; his fame our hope, and his merit our glory. The unswerving love of the soldier's friend will be reciprocated by their unfaltering devotion.

Eleventh. That we appeal hopefully to Congress for a speedy decision on the question of equalization of bounties to soldiers.

Twelfth. That believing treason is a crime, and that traitors should be punished, we demand that the leading traitors should be convicted and executed as an example to traitors for all time to come.

Thirteenth. That this convention is able to express its sentiments upon the whole matter of the issues and candidates in a few words, which may answer for our banner inscriptions the coming campaign God Grant Geary Victory!

Fourteenth. That the legislation whereby Congress attempted to defend and protect our allies, the loyal men of the South, against the deadly hatred of the common enemies, to make good for a race freedom proffered as the price of aid and awarded as the due of loyalty, deserves our unqualified approval.

Fifteenth. That we require Congress so to legislate as to protect American industry by a high protective tariff.

Col. Bayne, of Allegheny, offered the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the loyal majority in Congress deserves our gallant gratitude; that radical vices require radical remedies; and that the nation should take no step backward in her march to the grand destiny that surely awaits the unfaltering and persistent adherence to the cause of equal freedom.

In the House of Representatives, on Monday, Mr. Boutwell asked consent to offer the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas—It is notorious that Jefferson Davis was the leader of the late rebellion and is guilty of treason under the laws of the United States, and whereas by the proclamation of the President, of May, 1865, said Davis was charged with complicity in the assassination of President Lincoln, and said proclamation has not been revoked nor annulled; therefore

Be it Resolved as the opinion of the House of Representatives, that said Davis should be held in custody as a prisoner, and subjected to trial according to the laws of the land.

The resolution was adopted by a vote of yeas 105, nays 19. The preamble was agreed to without a division.

WOOL—The wool market, in this city, for the season has opened, but as yet but few sales will not exceed 8000 pounds all told. Prices range from 45 to 50 cts per pound. But from what we are able to learn, wool growers will not sell, generally, at those prices, and a majority of them will hold their clips over unless they are offered more remunerative. The market has opened in other parts of the State, and prices rule about the same as in Steubenville. The Sandusky *Register* states that the wool season was inaugurated on Friday, at that place, by the sale of two thousand pound at fifty cents. The wool was in very fine condition. Prices are ruling from forty to fifty cents.—*Steubenville Herald.*

A Charge—Further Information Wanted.

During the recent contest for nominations of the Disunion Convention which was held in this place on the 29th ult., a charge was made that Wm. Henry, one of the competitors for the State Senatorship, had made one hundred and five thousand dollars out of the sale of the Beaver County Railroad bonds while Treasurer of the county. If this is true, it is an item, we believe, that the people of the county have not before been apprised of. Can we not have some more light on the subject? We are in informed that Dr. Shurlock, of Darlington, started the report. How is it?—*Beaver County Local, June 8.*

DARLINGTON, June 9th, 1866.

EDITOR OF ARGUS: By chance the *Local* containing the above fell into my hands to-day. I deny being the author of the charge as published above, and take the liberty of saying that the person who informed the editor of the *Local* has either been misinformed or else told a falsehood upon me. During the recent canvass there was someting said in Darlington tp. about the Railroad bonds sold by Wm. Henry, the fact of them having been sold at such a depreciation, and shortly afterward coming up to their par value, naturally gave rise to some political speculative comments; and I, in in speaking of the matter a few weeks since to two or three of the citizens of Darlington, said by way of a joke, that possible Wm Henry had made some money in the operation; but at no time, did I ever make the assertion that he he received *one hundred and five thousand dollars,* nor any particular sum as a fact. Mr. Henry heard the [illegible] in its perverted condition, as [illegible]tor of the *Local,* and [illegible] several persons of our [illegible] upon myself, for explanation and I can safely say, when he heard the true way of the story, that he [illegible] satisfied that nothing had been told by me or others relative to the Railroad [illegible] detrimental to his character as [illegible] officer.

I had hoped that this matter would be allowed to drop without further explanation, but since the charge above has been made by the *Local,* and I given as its author, justice to Wm. Henry and myself demands that I make a denial of the charge as published and accompany it with a statement of what I did say about the Railroad bonds, and how I came to say it. Knowing that Mr. Wm. Henry received my explanation as fully satisfactory to himself, I trust that this will be sufficient to satisfy the editor of the *Local* and his informant, and that the matter may now end forever.

Yours truly,
[illegible] SHURLOCK.

Gen. Grant at the Depot.

[illegible] few nights ago, says the Boston [illegible]al, we met Gen. Grant at the [illegible]ton Depot. He wore a military [illegible] which looked as though it [illegible] served more than one campaign. [illegible] General had [illegible] little boy with [illegible] bright and [illegible] ing for a [illegible] to [illegible] as he walked he smoked assiduously. Occasionally he would stop to chat with his boy; occasionally a war-worn veteran would salute him as he passed, and more than once in the space of half an hour, we noticed him talking pleasantly and listened with apparent interest to some veteran who was recalling, perhaps, an incident of the early Southwestern battles, of the campaign of Vicksburg, or of the bloody progress through the Wilderness.

Gen. Grant in repose has a countenance that conveys no idea of greatness to the beholder. His eye is a mild blue, and has a benevolent expression when he is conversing with his soldiers. We observed that he stoops very much as he walks, but in other respects he seemed hale and vigorous. There is no airiness or pretense about him, nor affectation. He is plain, simple, and unostentatious.—The recent story that he is learning to leave off smoking, and has succeeded so far as to get along with ten to fifteen cigars a day, must be a mistake. He smoked three and had begun the fourth in the brief period that elapsed while he was waiting in the depot.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTCIE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of SOCRATES SMALL, late of Brighton tp., Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH ANDERSON, Adm'r.,
june13'66. Beaver boro

CHAS. S. BALSLEY,

Produce and Commission Merchant,

Warehouse, No. 201 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURG, PA.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Butter,	*Bacon,*	*Potatoes,*	*Flour,*
Cheese,	*Beans,*	*Hominy,*	*Grain,*
Lard,	*Tallow,*	*Dried Fruits,*	*Clover Seed*
Eggs,	*Feathers,*	*Green do*	*Timothy do.*
Pork,	*Brooms,*	*Onions,*	*Flax do.*

And Game and Poultry

☞ Particular attention given to produce consignments. [je13:6m

A NORMAL MUSIC SCHOOL

WILL BE OPENED AT THE

BEAVER MUSICAL INSTITUTE,

July 17, and Continue Five Weeks,

UNDER THE DIRECTION OF

PROF. A. N. JOHNSON.

FIVE HOURS daily instruction and practice in Singing, Thorough Base, Cultivation of the Voice, Reading Music, &c.

A Children's Class will be formed, to meet daily at 4 o'clock, p. m.
Tuition in class, $10.
Board and room, $20.
Private lessons on Piano or Organ, from Prof. Ambuhl, $10.
Children's class, $2.
☞ For circulars, address
R. T. TAYLOR,
je13:6t Beaver, Pa.

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after May 20, 1866, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5,50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	210PM	645AM	210AM	1201AM
Rochester	320 "	820 "	320 "	115 "
N. Brighton	330 "	830 "	329 "	[illegible]
Enon	413 "	922 "	410 "	200 "
Columbiana	452 "	1008 "	444 "	222 "
Salem	519 "	1045 "	510 "	238 "
Alliance	615 "	1150 "	605 "	335 "
Canton	705 "	1242PM	657 "	419 "
Massillon	726 "	102 "	718 "	437 "
Orrville	806 "	145 "	757 "	512 "
Wooster	835 "	222 "	828 "	538 "
Loudonville	932 "	328 "	922 "	628 "
Mansfield	1025 "	425 "	1010 "	715 "
Crestline Ar	1100 "	500 "	1045 "	740 "
Crestline De	1155 "	620 "	1115 "	800 "
Bucyrus	1125AM	650 "	1145 "	830 "
U. Sandusky	107 "	730 "	1224PM	912 "
Forest	140 "	801 "	1255 "	947 "
Lima	300 "	920 "	213 "	1106 "
Delphos	336 "	955 "	255 "	1145 "
Van Wert	405 "	1022 "	324 "	1217PM
Fort Wayne	545 "	1150 "	500 "	206 "
Columbia	628 "	1235AM	543 "	249 "
Huntsville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pierceton	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warsaw	720 "	130 "	635 "	340 "
Bourbon	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	819 "	215 "	735 "	441 "
Wanatah	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valparaiso	1000 "	415 "	915 "	616 "
Hobart	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clarke	.....	.....	.....	.....
IllC.RR.Cros	.....	.....	.....	.....
R Isl.RR J'n.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chicago	1150 "	620 "	1120 "	[illegible]

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Chicago	440AM	720AM	550PM	1020PM
RIslRRJunc	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ill C.RR Cros	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clarke	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hobart	.....	.....	.....	.....
Valparaiso	650 "	905 "	758 "	1245AM
Wanatah	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	838 "	1033 "	923 "	[illegible]
Bourbon	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warsaw	947 "	1328 "	1035 "	[illegible]
Pierceton	.....	.....	.....	.....
Huntsville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Columbia	1043 "	1217PM	1129 "	[illegible]
Fort Wayne	1515 "	120 "	1225AM	[illegible]
Van Wert	130PM	226 "	138 "	[illegible]
Delphos	210 "	255 "	209 "	[illegible]
Lima	250 "	325 "	240 "	[illegible]
Forest	413 "	[illegible]	407 "	[illegible]
U Sandusky	444 "	[illegible]	[illegible]	1021
Bucyrus	528 "	528 "	525 "	1112
Crestline Ar	600 "	605 "	600 "	1145
Crestline De	740AM	630 "	640 "	1215
Mansfield	822 "	701 "	715 "	[illegible]
Loudonville	922 "	745 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wooster	1025 "	885 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
Orrville	1100 "	908 "	[illegible]	[illegible]
Massillon	1145 "	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Canton	1205PM	[illegible]	1017 "	[illegible]
Alliance	120 "	1060 "	1130 "	[illegible]
Salem	200 "	1125 "	1205PM	[illegible]
Columbiana	230 "	1147 "	1221 "	[illegible]
Enon	320 "	1222AM	112 "	704
N. Brighton	410 "	[illegible]	143 "	747
Rochester	430 "	110 "	200 "	800
Pittsburg	600 "	220 "	310 "	910

[illegible] Pittsburg Express Train leaves N[illegible] [illegible] 4:05 p.m., arrives in Pittsburg [illegible] 6:35 [illegible]. Returning leaves Pittsburg at [illegible] a.m., arrives in New Castle at 8:4[illegible] a.m. [illegible] New Castle and Pittsburg Accommoda[illegible] [illegible]ves New Castle at [illegible] at 6:15 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Agt.

CLEVE. & PITTS. RR.

On and after May 20, 1866, trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's	Mail.	Acc
Cleveland	800AM	240PM	340PM	
Euclid street	811 "	251 "	353 "	
Hudson	915 "	345 "	509 "	
Akron	....	....	....	
Orrville	....	....	....	
Millersburg	....	....	....	
Ravenna	950 "	415 "	530 "	
Alliance	1045 "	500 "	640 "	
Bayard	1127 "	535 "	....	
Wellsville	105 PM	655 "	....	

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	
Wellsville	930AM	415PM	....	
Bayard	1040 "	535 "	....	
Alliance	1125 "	610 "	631AM	
Ravenna	1215PM	700 "	723 "	
Millersburg	....	....	....	
Orrville	....	....	....	
Akron	....	....	....	
Hudson	1249PM	735 "	800 "	
Euclid street	152 "	824 "	916 "	
Cleveland	205 "	835 "	930 "	

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Acc
Belaire	1040AM	610AM	405PM	
Bridgeport	1050 "	625 "	415 "	
Lagrange	1139 "	721 "	510 "	
Steubenville	1158 "	743 "	528 "	
Wellsville	125 PM	845 "	715 "	
Smith'sFerry	147 "	907 "	735 "	
Beaver	217 "	....	....	
Rochester	225 "	950 "	615AM	
Pittsburgh	340 "	1105 "	950 "	

GOING WEST.

	Exps.	Exp's.	Mail.
Pittsburgh	155PM	435PM	610AM
Rochester	300 "	545 "	725 "
Beaver	....	....	733 "
Smith'sFerry	336 "	628 "	805 "
Wellsville	420 "	715 "	840 "
Steubenville	528 "	818 "	950 "
Lagrange	543 "	830 "	1010 "
Bridgeport	637 "	917 "	1115 "
Bellaire	650 "	930 "	1130 "

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia 6.50 a m	Bayard, 9.5[illegible]
Bayard, 11.45 a m.	N. Philadel. 2.5[illegible]

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agt.

$1,500 PER YEAR! [illegible] want Agents everywhere to sell our IMPROVED $20 Sewing Machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Sent on trial. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than [illegible] which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder. All other cheap machines are infringements and the seller or user are liable to arrest, fine and imprisonment.* Illustrated circulars sent *free.* Address, or call upon Shaw & Clark, at Biddeford, Maine, or Chicago, Ill.
may16,'66.

$90 A MONTH!—AGENTS wanted for six entirely new articles, just out. Address O. T. GAREY, City Building, Biddeford, Me.
may16,'66.

IF you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicines and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug [illegible]

THE BEAVER ARGUS

JUNE 13th, 1866.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ WM. BINGHAM, JR., 54 Fifth st., Pittsburg, is the authorized agent for the ARGUS in that city.

☞ West Virginia gave a majority of from eight to twelve thousand for the Constitutional amendment disfranchising rebels.

☞ Robert Wilkinson, of Hanover township, this county, killed, during the month of April, eighteen foxes. This is regarded by old hunters as a good job.

☞ A horse belonging to Prof. Taylor, of this place, ran away on Saturday evening last with a carriage in which was two ladies, and completely destroyed the carriage, although fortunately the ladies escaped unhurt.

MERCER IMPROVEMENTS.—The *Press*, of Mercer, says that the only improvements being made in that town now is the weather-boarding of an old house; and that there has not been a single house built within that borough limits for two years past. Mercer must be a "finished town."

A MAN SHOT AND KILLED BY HIS WIFE.—A man living in the vicinity of Helen Furnace, Clarion county, Pa., was shot and killed by his wife. It seems that the woman was caught in a criminal act, and he abused her severely. On Wednesday he came home drunk, when, exasperated by her former abuse, or perhaps fearful of its repetition, as he entered the house she took up a loaded gun and fired at him, killing him instantly.

SOLDIERS' MEETING.—The soldiers of Beaver county, we trust, will not forget the meeting in the Court House, in this place, on next Saturday evening. As it is the intention to organize a Soldiers' League, so that the interests of the citizen soldiery of this locality may be properly represented and cared for, it is to be hoped that there will be a general attendance.

☞ We notice that the delegates sent to the Soldiers' Convention in Pittsburg from this county reported, and were recognized, and each of them participated in the proceedings of the Convention.

Capt. J. Weyand was appointed on the committee of credentials, Robt. Dickey on permanent organization, and J. R. Harrah was appointed one of the Vice Presidents of the permanent organization.

☞ The proprietors of the Fort Pitt Cannon Foundry, Pittsburg, intend sending a big twenty-inch cannon from that city to the Paris exhibition. It will be 22 feet long, 5½ feet diameter at the breach, and will weigh 50 tons. When completed it will be mounted on an excellent iron carriage, weighing 8 tons, and will be accompanied by specimens of balls, shells and cartridges. The cost of this monster will be about $30,000. It requires 100 tons of melted iron to cast one, and fourteen days to cool it off properly.

☞ Our citizens will be glad to learn, from an advertisement in this week's paper, that Prof. Johnson will re-open his Normal Music School this summer. He was universally popular with his class and with all who had any intercourse with him. Prof. Ambuhl, who is quite at home on the piano and organ, will give the private lessons on these instruments, enabling Mr. Johnson to give his whole time and energy to the class exercise. A new feature of the Normal School will be the organization of a Juvenile Class, to meet for one hour daily, under Prof. Johnson's instruction.—This will, we are satisfied, be largely attended from our town and vicinity, as it will meet at an hour that will not interfere with day school exercises. Our common school teachers should not fail to avail themselves of this opportunity of fitting themselves for increased usefulness and success in their noble profession. Send for a circular.

The Washington County Guests at the National Hotel.

At a meeting held on the evening of June 7, at the National Hotel, Beaver, Pa., by the guests from Washington county, attending Court in connection with the case of Commonwealth vs. John Lennox, transferred from Washington county to Beaver county for trial, Geo. S. Hart, Esq., was called to the chair, and Boyd Crumrine, Esq., was made Secretary.

After the object of the meeting was fully stated, a committee was appointed to prepare a series of resolutions, expressive of the sense of the Washington county guests as to the kind treatment shown and the excellent entertainment provided by the landlord and his family of the National Hotel.

While the committee upon resolutions was absent, remarks were made by different guests, indicating their appreciation of, and the satisfaction and pleasure caused by the events of the past week spent in Beaver, and the liberality and home-like kindness received at the Hotel at which they had been stopping.

The committee upon resolutions, consisting of Thos. J. Bell, D. F. Patterson and Addison Winters, Esqs., appearing, reported the following:

Whereas, A large number of the citizens of Washington county, connected with the Lennox homicide case, as attorneys, witnesses, or otherwise, were fortunate enough to have provided for them comfortable lodgings at the "National Hotel" in the borough of Beaver; and

Whereas, The kind and gentlemanly treatment of Mr. Hall, the worthy proprietor of the Hotel, is esteemed by the said guests as demanding of them an expression of their thanks for the hospitalities extended to them during their temporary stay under his roof, therefore,

Resolved, That we, the citizens of Washington county, unanimously and most cordially extend to the landlord, his family, and all persons connected with the Hotel, our warmest thanks for their uniform kindness, hospitality and friendly feelings, which added *so much* to the comfort and pleasure (in our absence from home) of our short sojourn in the beautiful borough of Beaver.

On motion, the report of the committee was received, and having been adopted, a copy was directed to be furnished to the proprietor of the National Hotel.

On motion, the meeting adjourned, to meet in Beaver, the first Monday of September next.

GEO. S. HART, President.

BOYD CRUMRINE, Sec'y.

EDITORS OF THE ARGUS: Permit me, through your columns, to say a word or two to those sneaking, cowardly copperhead correspondents of the Beaver *Local*, who in the last issue of that sheet have had the audacity to intimate that my family have been kept at the expense of Beaver county. If they wish to make such impressions on the minds of the people of Beaver county, let them come out over their own signatures, and not give vent to their malicious slander—afraid to let their names be known. But such is copperhead instinct. And by way of advice, I would say to them that before they make assertions they had better have more reliable inteligence than that received from a certain lady who holds a kind of "under ground" correspondence with the Poor House Paupers. I am ever ready to acknowledge that my circumstances in life are not to be envied; but I stand prepared to prove the assertions of the *Local* correspondent false to all intents, by both my Democratic and Republican neighbors, who have known me from childhood. If they wish to *spew* out their copperhead venom in regard to the management of public affairs, let it be upon those who have the management. If they are well managed I claim no honor, if they are mismanaged, I am not responsible, and, finally, let me say to the correspondent of the *Local*, and to all who make use of that paper to abuse loyal men, that a much more profitable employment for them during their leisure hours would be to set down and brood over the disloyal expressions and acts of which they have been guilty during the last six years. Let them count the prayers they have offered up to Heaven for the defeat of our armies while contending for the preservation of the Union. Let them rehearse their mighty efforts to deprive our brave soldiers of the right of suffrage while away contending with treason and traitors. Let them look to that Presidential Mansion, whose occupant fell a victim to their midnight conspiracies—an event which caused a thinking world to mourn, but which was a theme of hidden rejoicings in the breast of their traitorous leaders in Beaver county who even refused to drape their doors in token of sorrow, and if they can devise a means by which they can escape the infamy treasured up for them, they will have done well; if not, let them hide their brazen heads.

G. W. SHROADS.

MOON TP., June 4th, '66.

Agricultural.

The Board of Managers of the Beaver County Agricultural Society met at the Court House on Monday, June 4.

Members present: Messrs. Irons, Shrodes, Laird, Littell, Barclay, [illegible] H. Potter, Robt., Wolf, Wilson, Hazen, Todd, Beighley, Imbrie Barclay, W. S.

Committee on Premium List made report, which, after alterations and amendments, was adopted by the Board and ordered to be published, and the following persons were appointed as Committee on Printing:—Messrs. Wm. A. Laird, R. H. Barclay and Wm S. Barclay.

A proposition to erect a Dwelling House on the Fair Grounds, was tendered to the Board. Messrs. Shrodes, Wilson and Wolf, were appointed a Committee to receive bids for the same. The Board direct a building of the following dimensions: Frame house, two stories high, 18 by 42 feet; lower story 9 feet high, upper story 8 feet high; kitchen one story high, 16 feet square, with cellar underneath; also a cistern to contain 100 barrels.—Bids will be received up to Saturday, June 16th.

Resolved, That certificates of *Life Membership* of the Society will be sold by the Treasurer at $10 each.

Adjourned to meet Saturday, June 30.

JOSEPH IRONS, *Pres't.*

WM. S. BARCLAY, *Sec'y.*

☞ Gail Hamilton has in the press of her publishers, Messrs. Ticknor & Fields, Boston, a new volume specially adapted to summer reading, and bearing the taking title of "Summer Rest." Most of the articles in this volume are now for the first time printed, and will be found equal to any of the author's most brilliant essays. Halicarnassus appears again on the carpet; and his exploits in the way of gardening and other domestic matters are made very amusing—Gail Hamilton is never dull. Possessed of sharp and ready wit, speaking boldly, and that too upon topics wherein women have been supposed to have but little interest, she has already gathered about her an audience, which, by its hearty appreciation of her writings, attests the truth of many of her convictions. The success of her various volumes of essays has been without a parallel; in fact she is the most successful writer of the day.

☞ Mr. J. R. Hays, the agent for the Buckeye Mowing Machine, having challenged any and all mowers for a match trial, A. B. Wolf, Esq., agent for the M'Cormack Mower, requests us to say to Mr. Hays that he is ready to meet him at any time and place that is agreeable, for a trial. Mr. H. may therefore consider his challenge accepted, choose his ground and grass, and make his arrangements for a grand trial of "mersheens," or "forever after hold his peace."

EXECUTION OF PROBST.—Anton Probst, the murder of the Dearing family, was executed in the yard of Moyamensing prison, Philadelphia, on Friday last. His body was handed over to surgeons for dissection.

County Executive Committee.

The following persons have been selected by the Chairman of the Union County Executive Committee for the ensuing year:

Beaver: M. Weyand, Chairman, J. S. Rutan

Borough tp: John Caughey, J. R. Harrah, James Darragh,

Bridgewater: Wm. Barnes, Chas. Stone;

Big Beaver: C. P. Wallace;

Brighton: David W. Scott;

Chippewa: John S. Herron;

Darlington: Dr. W. C. Shurlock;

Economy: George Neely;

Fallston: George N. Taylor;

Franklin: John H. Wilson;

Freedom borough: W. W. Kerr;

Freedom district: J. Paul;

Green: S. Nelson;

Frankfort: W. H. Fraser;

M'Guire: John Nelson;

Hopewell: Robt. C. Scott;

Industry: John Wilson;

Independence: Arthur Shields;

Marion: Thomas Phillis;

Moon: D. B. Short,

New Brighton: S. Magaw, John Boyle, E. Hoops;

New Sewickly: Henry Goehring;

North Sewickly: Dr. J. M. Witherow;

Ohio: John Sleats;

Patterson: James Patterson;

Phillipsburg: Robert Routh;

Pulaski: W. W. Irwin;

Rochester: S. J. Cross, A. T. Shallenberger;

Raccoon: James Smith;

South Beaver: John Roberts.

JOHN Y. MARKS, Ch'n Co. Com.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.—The following cases were disposed of last:

Commonwealth vs. James H. Odell. Indictment, Libel. Verdict of guilty on first two counts, but not guilty as to the others.

Same vs. John Lennox. Indictment, Murder. Motion to quash indictment overruled, and case continued to next term on motion of counsel for defendant.

Same vs. John Ferguson. Indictment, Larceny. Verdict guilt.

Same vs. Robt. Kelty. Indictment, Larceny. Verdict guilty.

About fifteen indictments were found by the Grand Jury, being mostly for assault and battery.

NEW COUNTERFEITS.—Peterson's Detector for June gives the following list of new counterfeits, which will be of interest to our readers, and should be preserved for reference:—

Bank of Delaware County, Chester, Pa.—1's counterfeit—vig. girl feeding calves, one lying down, on right end, 1, female portrait; on left end, 1, cattle, cars crossing aqueduct, telegraph pole and wires.

Iron City Bank, Pittsburg, Pa.—5's spurious—vig steamboat; portrait of Washington on right end; Clay on left end.

National Bank, Pottsville, Pa.—3's spurious—vig carpenter at work.—Bank issues no 3's.

[illegible] Tender, Greenbacks, [illegible] and very well done. [illegible] prominent defect is heavier [illegible] around the words "United States" [illegible] the title. The counterfeit is about one-eighth of an inch shorter than the genuine.

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.—We are requested to say that the Beaver Presbyterian Sabbath School will hold a strawberry Festival on the lot adjoining the residence of Mrs. Leech, on the river bank, on the evening of next Tuesday, 19th inst., for the benefit of the Sabbath School.

OMISSION.—We omitted the name of Capt. James Darragh, in the published list of the Union County Committee. His name was on the list furnished us by the Chairman of the Convention, but in setting it up the compositor inadvertently made the omission.

ATTEMPT AT MURDER—*A little girl attempts to destroy a whole family.*—On Thursday last, Lydia Ann Powell, a little girl, aged about 12 years, was committed to the jail of this county, charged with the terrible crime of attempting to destroy a whole family. She was employed as a servant girl in the family of Mr. Oliver Mackey, in Penn township. The family had been quite ill for some time, but were unable to define the cause. A physician was called in, who pronounced the symptoms that of poison. A watch was put upon the girl, and it was soon discovered that she was the guilty party. She had powdered glass, which she had placed in the flour, and in fact almost every article of food in the house. She confessed her guilt, and was thereupon arrested, and taken before Justice Kelton, who committed her to jail. The family, although suffering very severely from the effects of the glass eaten by them, it is thought by their physician that it will not prove fatal.—*Chester Co. Republican.*

MARRIED:

On June 5th, by the Rev. J. S. Bracken, Mr. JAMES CRUMP, of Alexandria, Va., and Miss JULIA A. ALEXANDER, of Beaver, Pa.

On June 5th, by the Rev. J. J. McIlyar, Mr. DAVID WELSH, of New Brighton, and Miss ELIZABETH HINKLE, of North Sewickley twp., Beaver county, Pa.

On June 6th, by the same, Mr. ALEXANDER NICKLE, of Hanover twp., Beaver county, Pa., and Mrs. MINERVA STEPHENSON, of Hancock co., Va.

On June 7th, by the same, at the residence of E. H. Alexander, Mr. ERVIN CAMPBELL, of Fallston, and Miss FANNIE ALEXANDER, of New Brighton.

On May 31st, by the same, at the residence of the bride's father, William Cole, Esq.; Mr. J. O. M'ILYAR, of Cambridge, Ohio, and Miss M. E. COLE, of Freedom, Pa.

Interesting to Farmers.

The new Woolen Factory of Mr. Jos. Pomfret is now ready to do all kinds of custom work, as will be seen by his advertisement in another column, to which attention is directed. Those of our readers in the country who have wool to work up, would do well to give him a call. Mr. P. is a wool manufacturer of long experience in the business, and is determined that the work turned out at his Factory shall be second to none in the country, and further that it shall be done on short notice and reasonable terms. Remember the place, nearly opposite Gilliland's Store, New Brighton, Pa.

BEAVER MARKETS.

CORRECTED BY WM. ORR.

Flour per bbl		$10 75
Dried Apples per bus		2 50
do Peaches	"	8 00
Wheat	"	2 00
Corn	"	75
Oats	"	45
Flax Seed,	"	2 25
Beans,	"	1 75
Potatoes,	"	1 25
Onions,	"	1 50
Corn Meal,	"	80
Eggs,	per doz	20
Butter,	per lb.	18
Hams,	"	25
Shoulders,	"	18
Sides,	"	15
Tallow,	"	15
Lard,	"	18
Candles,	"	20
Molasses,	per gall	90
Carbon oil,	"	70

PITTSBU[illegible]MARKETS.

TUES[illegible], June 12, 1866.

POTATOES—Peach blows, $1 20 per bushel; 100 bush. do same price, and 50 barrels do at [illegible]0 per barrel.

HAY—6 loads at the scales at prices ranging from $24 [illegible]30 per ton.

FLOUR—Spring wheat, 100 bbls. $11 00; 75 barrels do, $10 90@11 00 per barrel; winter wheat—Sales 200 barrels at $11 50; sales of 75 barrels a favorite brand [illegible] $13; sales of 50 barrels at $12 75 [illegible] barrel.

CHEESE—Hamburg at 16@17c; Goshen, 21@22c.

BUTTER—Prime [illegible]2@25c.

EGGS—12 [illegible] 22@23c per doz.

MAPLE MOLASSES—$2 per gallon.

SORGHUM MOLASSES—50@65c ℔ gallon.

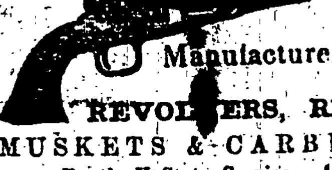
BACON—Sugar cured hams, canvassed, 23½@24c; plain do. 22½@23½c; shoulders, 15c.

DRIED BEEF firm; sales of 500 lbs canvassed. Sugar cured 25½c; plain 24½c.

CANNED PEACHES—3 lb cans at $4 75 ℔ dozen, 2 lb do, $4 00.

GRAIN—Rye—steady; sales 400 bush. at 98@$1 00 ℔ bushel; Oats—450 bush. from store at 60c; sales 1 car on track at 55c. Wheat—$2 20 @2 25 at the elevator. Barley—Spring is held at $1 00. Corn unchanged. Buckwheat—$2 25@2 30 ℔ bushel.

E. REMINGTON & SONS,



Manufacturers of

REVOLVERS, RIFLES,

MUSKETS & CARBINES

For the U. States Service. Also,

Pocket and Belt Revolvers,

REPEATING PISTOLS,

RIFLE CANES, REVOLVING RIFLES

Rifle and Shot Guns, and Gun Materials, sold by Gun Dealers and the Trade generally.

In these days of Housebreaking and Robbery, every House, Store, Bank, and office, should have one of

REMINGTON'S REVOLVERS.

Parties desiring to avail themselves of the late improvements in Pistols, and superior workmanship and form, will find all combined in the New

REMINGTON REVOLVERS.

Circulars containing cuts and description of our Arms will be furnished upon application.

E. REMINGTON & SONS, *Ilion, N. Y.*

MOORE & NICHOLS, Agents,

No. 40 Courtland st, N. Y.

LIST OF LETTERS, uncalled for, remaining in the Post-Office, at Rochester, Pa., June 1, 1866.

Akens Miss Emma, Abels D, Anderson Joseph, Anderson Tom A, Alexander Mrs Jane, Cherry Edgar, Clever Martha J, Cosgrave Edward, Coyne Patric, Dakin William, Doty DR, Gray C F, Hills H C, Henderson C A, Hass Mrs Wm, Loy Miss Lizzie, Latchaw Isaac, Lennan Thomas, Ludwick C, Lyman C O, Logan John, Marshall William, McCange Elizabeth, Martin Agnes, McCormick N, Paxon W H, Rufer Mrs Ellen, Shultz Barbara, Smith James, Smith William, Stone Noland, Steel John, Sweeny Terence, Staton Mrs Jane, Weager William, Wiseman John, Walrath Wm J, Walker James M, William Perry.

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

ANNUAL ASSESSMENT FOR 1866.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual Lists for the assessment of Licenses, Incomes and articles in Schedule A, will be open for the inspection of all concerned, at the offices of the Assistant Assessors,

From the 10th to the 20th of June, 1866;

during which time appeals may be received concerning any erroneous valuation.

☞ All appeals must be in writing, and specify the particular matter or thing complained of, concerning which a decision is requested.

SAM'L DAVENPORT,

je6:3t U. S. Assessor 24th Dist. of Pa.

U. S. COLLECTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold on the premises of S. K. Kane & Co., at Darlington, Beaver county, at public out-cry, on

Friday, the 8th day of June, 1866,

Two Stills, one Steam Engine and Boiler, and all the Pumps and Pipes in the Coal Oil Refinery of said firm.

Sale to commence at 1 o'cl'k p. m. of said day.

DAVID SANKEY,

my30 Col. 24th District of Penn'a.

DOCTOR

JNO. C. LEVIS

Will Practice Surgery & Medicine.

OFFICE adjoining the new Drug Store of Levis & Proudley, Dunlap's corner, Bridgewater, Pa. [may23

Union Hotel,

BEAVER, PA.

J. B. CLARK, *Proprietor.*

GOOD STABLING attached to this House. April 4, 1866.—1y

4th

GRAND OPENING OF

SPRING MILLINERY AND

Straw Goods,

AT

GEALY'S

NEW MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

AND SHOE EMPORIUM,

BRIDGEWATER.

BONNETS,

Silk, Mourning and Straw, all the latest styles.

Ladies', Misses and Children's Hats,

Large stock, *Latest Styles*, all cheap.

Trimmings.

All kinds, *very cheap.* Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, Ornaments, Silver Fancy and Mixed Cords and Tassels, Hair Rolls, Hair Netts, Fancy Combs, Fancy and Mourning Collars, Embroideries, all kinds, Shirt Fronts, Linen Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Dress Buttons, Braids, Cords and Ruffles, old Ladies' Caps, &c.

SHAWLS.

Very cheap.

LADIES' FINE BASKETS,

Hosiery & Gloves,

BLACK & WHITE BALMORAL SKIRTS, MEN & BOYS' HATS, HOOP SKIRTS, LADIES' CLOTHS.

Men's white and colored Shirts.

SHOES.

Lasting and Kid Gaiters, cheaper than ever.

☞ These goods will be sold *very cheap.*

NO TROUBLE to SHOW GOODS.

Millinery.

Straw Bonnets and Hats altered and cleaned, VERY CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and making on short notice.

Men's shirts made to order. Machine stitching.

☞ Remember the place — opposite the store of A. C. Hurst, corner Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can at any time, be supplied at the Bank, on M'Kinley's run, adjoining the bank of Wm. Porter, Esq. Orders left with John A. Frazie, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger, Bridgwater, M. Camp, jr., Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

J. C. MOLTER,

nov8 Bridgewater.

Lost:

COMMISSIONERS' RECEIPT for Unseated Lands in the borough of Bridgewater, for the years 1861 and 1862, allowed on settlement with J. M. Barbour, Collector of Taxes, April 2, 1862, for $32,28. Any person finding the same will please return to THOS. ALLISON, Treasurer of School Board, Bridgewater. [apr25

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES MURRAY, late of Darlington township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

NATHAN EAKIN, Administrator.

apr4'66. Darlington tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL MOORE, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. H. FRAZER, Executor,

mar7 Hanover tp.

$10 REWARD.

THE above reward will be paid for any information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person who shall bark any trees or shall commit depredations in either of the Water Lots, or shall injure any Shade, Ornamental or Forest Trees, growing within the borough. By order of Council.

my23:3t WM. S. BARCLAY, Cl'k.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN B. HALL, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBERT S. HALL, Industry tp.,

JAMES ORR, Raccoon tp.,

mar28'66. Administrators.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that there will be a meeting of the "Beaver County Oil Co." at the U. S. Revenue office, on the 16th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of organizing under the General Law.

D. L. IMBRIE, Pres't.

S. DAVENPORT, Sec'y. my23:

WM. B. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [ap25

BIOKRENE

OR

LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK!

YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors*,

81 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Rochester, one door below Post Office, and wholesale and retail by Dr. Smith, Bridgewater Beaver county. [nov23:

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

DR. CHEESEMAN'S

FEMALE REGULATING

PILLS

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result.* The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage.* Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm* in any other way.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with *immediate and persistent success.*—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!

They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box,—the price, ONE DOLLAR per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorized Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors*,

81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov28:1y

PITTSBURG

NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows,

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

Select School.

THE DARLINGTON SELECT SCHOOL will open on

Monday, June 11th, 1866.

For particulars call on or address

J. BRADFORD RHODES, *Prin.*,

or DR. S. M. ROSS,

je6:2t Darlington, Pa.

Dr. D. Stanton,

Surgeon, Physician & Pension Surgeon,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE and Residence at lower end of Broadway. [jany24,'66.1y.

COAL!

I AM prepared to deliver Coal of the best quality on shortest notice. Orders left at I. N. Atkins' Clothing Store, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery, Bridgewater, S. J. Cross & Co.'s Dry Good Store, Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

redec20'65—6m. WM. PORTER.

THE CABINET ORGAN

AND

What It Is.

The grand old organ that has for centuries filled Church, Palace, and Cathedral with its colossal harmonies, is becoming daily more valued and appreciated by religious assemblies, and its almost universal introduction into the churches of our country has been prevented only by its great cost. This obstacle is now removed by the process of invention, improvement and perfection, as applied to the Melodeon and Harmonium, and we have the result in an instrument which, considering its bulk and cost, is

A Musical Wonder.

The CABINET ORGAN, perfected and patented by Mason & Hamlin, of Boston, has now been before the public but two years, and yet such are its unequaled qualities that it has found into church, school and family in all parts of our country. The Art Critic of the New York *Tribune* says of it in his department: It has been blown by the wind of genuine success from Boston to San Francisco. . . . That M. & H. have succeeded in making a better small instrument than any other—from little bandbox like things to those which, though portable and not larger than a piano, can make themselves felt in a church—is the universal opinion of the musical profession. They agree that no such mechanical works of the kind can be found in equal perfection in Europe. The tone is pure and full, and with an immense body for so small a provocative mechanical force. They stand rough travelling, bad usage, and will live in climates which kill American missionaries."

The Rev. Dr. PRIME, the well-known editor of the New York *Observer*, in his editorial correspondence, speaking of the insufficiency of the Melodeon to take the place of the Pipe Organ, says: "But the want is is fully met by the Cabinet Organ. With your eyes shut you cannot distinguish its sound from that of the Pipe Organ itself. It is admirably adapted to the performance of sacred music, psalms, tunes, anthems, chants, &c., and it is a grand accompaniment when the congregation sings, and is just the instrument that ought to be used in all churches where the people all wish to have the privilege of hearing a part in the praise."

200 Organists and Pianists,

the most eminent of their profession in the country, have given written testimony to the superiority of these instruments over all others of their class. The Cabinet Organ is, in brief, commending itself to musicians and to the people everywhere. Its great power, its purity and sweetness of tone, and its scope of expression, added to its durability and complete construction, cannot fail to make it a universal favorite. Such is the degree of perfection to which these instruments have been brought, that it is alike suited to the purposes of churches, halls, schools, and private parlors, and is admirably adapted to both sacred and secular music, and it is believed that it will bear no unimportant part in education and establishing a popular musical taste wherever it goes.

The Subscribers are the exclusive wholesale Agents for the Mason & Hamlin Cabinet Organ for Western Pennsylvania, and furnish them at exactly the same price as charged at the Factory.

The subscribers are anxious to send to every person, whether intending to purchase an instrument or not, a copy of the Cabinet Organ Circular, which contains a great amount of every interesting information. Sent post-paid to any address.

CHAS. C. MELLOR & CO.,

81 Wood Street,

Between 4th St. and Diamond Alley,

may16,'66—1m. Pittsburg, Pa.

$25. THE $25.

Union Business College!

Handel and Haydn Hall,

Eighth and Spring Garden streets,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.,

President and Consulting Accountant.

Extraordinary Inducements!!

Novel and Permanent Arrangement of Business College Terms.

From April 1 to October 1, 1866.

AND SUCCEEDING YEARS.

LIFE SCHOLARSHIPS, including Bookkeeping, Business Correspondence, Forms and Customs, Commercial Arithmetic, Business Penmanship, Detecting Counterfeit Money, and Commercial Law,

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS.

SCHOLARSHIPS, including the same Subjects, as above: *Time limited to three months,*

TWENTY DOLLARS.

Penmanship, Three months	$7
Penmanship and Arithmetic, three mos	10

The saving of coal and gas in the summer months is an advantage of such importance as enables the management of this college to make a considerable reduction in the summer rates

From October 1, 1866, to April 1, 1867,

And succeeding years, as before,

Life Scholarships	$35
Scholarships 3 months	25
Penmanship, 4 months	10
Penmanship and Arithmetic, 3 months	12

Special terms for Clubs, Soldiers, and for the sons of Ministers and Teachers.

Day and evening instruction for both sexes, all ages.

In banking, storekeeping, bookkeeping, penmanship, pen drawing, phonography, arithmetic, mensuration, algebra, geometry, the calculus, navigation, surveying, engineering, gauging, mining, mechanical drawing, commercial law, German, telegraphing, and the English branches, at moderate prices.

Endorsed by the public as the most successful Business College of the country, as is evidenced by the fact, that

Four Hundred and Two Students

have entered in the

FIRST SIX MONTHS OF ITS EXISTENCE.

Principals of Departments.

THOMAS MAY PEIRCE, A. M.

George B. Snyder, R. S. Barnes,

C. N. Farr, J. T. Reynolds,

Henry Keim, A. E. Rogerson A. M., C. E.

Supported by an able Corps of Assistants.

☞ Call or send for a catalogue, College Currency, and Pierce's Practical Educator.

OFFICE—531 North Eighth Street.

ap18:2m THOS. M. PEIRCE.

STILES & SHALLENBERGER,

DEALERS IN

CHOICE GROCERIES,

AND QUEENSWARE,

Bridgewater.

☞ Country produce wanted. [jan10:3m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAMES JAMESON, late of Georgetown Borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ELIZABETH JAMESON, Adm'rx.

mar14'66. Georgetown Boro'

B. FRNT. STEWART. R. A. WILSON.

WILSON & STEWART'S ROCHESTER Boot & Shoe EMPORIUM.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the public that we have opened a

WHOLESALE & RETAIL BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

IN ROCHESTER, PA.

Having purchased a large and wells selected Stock of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters Slippers, &c.,

direct from the manufacturer's, we are prepared to sell as cheap, if not cheaper, than any any establishment in Pittsburg or this county.

As we intend to remain permanently in the business, we will endeavor to always sell cheap, keep as great a variety and as good an article as the eastern market affords.

Purchasers will do well to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. *All Goods Warranted.*

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
may30:6m Rochester, Pa.

CHAS B HURST Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real Estate, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities! INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT, Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as *Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.*

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America, of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Island Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST
Rochester, Nov. 29,'65

Lee City Hotel:

LOCATED IN LEE CITY,

Immediately opposite the Mouth of Island Run on the Island.

ALEX. CLARK,

(Formerly of the Union Hotel in Beaver,)

PROPRIETOR.

THE TABLE will at all times be found laden the best eatables that the Pittsburg market affords.

In connection with this house is a good LIVERY STABLE, and Stabling and Feed for horses.

The patronage of my old customers while at the Union Hotel in Beaver, and all others who can make it convenient, is solicited. Give me a call and judge for yourselves of my superior accommodations.

may30:6m ALEX. CLARK.

BEAVER ACADEMY,

An English, Classical and Commercial School, for Young Men and Boys,

At BEAVER, PENN'A.

THE Spring session of this Institution will open on

Wednesday, April 4th, 1866,

and close on Wednesday, 27th June, 1866.

☞ For circular and other particulars, address the Principal, M. GANTZ, New Brighton, Pa., or H. HICE, Sec'y. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa. mar21,'67:2m

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LAUGHING GAS!

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Denistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better, than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the State. [my9'66:1y

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EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of DANIEL DERRINGER, late of Ohio tp., Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
may9'66. Ohio tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JOHN EWING, late of Raccoon twp., Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

DAVID EWING, } Executors,
ALEX. EWING, }
apr4'66. Raccoon tp.

RICH'D. H. AGNEW,

CONVEYANCER, &c.

DEEDS and other instruments written.—Office with Clerk of Courts, west wing of Court House. [may16:2m

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C. E. CHAMBERLIN. ..... S. WINANS.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,
AND
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
MASONS' TOOLS,
SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,
SADDLERS' TOOLS,
PLASTERERS' TOOLS,
MINERS' TOOLS.
SADDLERY HARDWARE,
BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,
LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,
PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,
COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
HORSE SHOES & NAILS,
TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,
CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.
ALSO, PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
AND PUTTY.

AGENTS FOR
EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.
Dec6,'65.

NEW ARRIVAL Of Goods,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE St., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS consisting of

WALL PAPER, WINDOW BLINDS, VARIETY GOODS, WILLOW WARE, BOOKS, PERIODICALS, STATIONERY, &c.

Having thoroughly refitted my Store Room, and in daily receipt of Goods from New York city, I offer to the public cheaper than can be bought in Pittsburg, or any neighboring village. An examination of my large and varied stock will convince all that what I publish is strictly true.

☞ Remember the place. apr3'66

Woolen Factory

IN NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

THE subscriber having thoroughly refitted and prepared the property known as the Tub Factory, directly opposite the Post Office, in New Brighton, Pa., is now prepared to do all the work generally done in a first-class Factory, such *MANUFACTURING BLANKETS, FLANNELS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERES SATINETS, &c, SPINNING YARN, CARDING ROLLS, FULLING & CLOTH FINISHING.*

Employing none but the best workmen, and using first-class machinery, the Public may rest assured that their work will be well done and promptly delivered.

Give us a call and examine our goods and prices before going elsewhere. All work warranted. JOS. PONTEFRACT.

New Brighton, Apr. 3, '66:3m.

Hice & Rutan,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL attend to legal business of all kinds. Prompt attention given to collections generally. Licensed Agents for collection of Pensions, Bounty, arrears of Pay, Prize money, Pay, etc., of Prisoners of War, and all kinds of military claims against the Government. Office—

Coner of Market Street and the Diamond, (immeieately in the rear of Court House,)

BEAVER, PENN'A. [jan4

THE GREAT SECRET!

TO ANGLERS AND OTHERS—Upon the receipt of 80 cents I will send the "Secret art of catching fish with the hook and line," giving full and ample directions how to succeed well in catching all the different species of fish that inhabit the waters of the United States. Also, "The celebrated Indian fish charm, or Chinese art of catching fish."—This means of taking fish and the manner of doing it, has heretofore been known to but few. The value of such knowledge admits of no question, and is really worth more than a thousand times the price asked. Send 30 cts enclosed in a letter and you will receive the secrets by return mail. Address

E. ERNEST,
may23:1t York Springs, Adams co., Pa

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of SAMUEL GILLILAND, late of Darlington twp., Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

REV. SAMUEL PATTERSON,
JOHN McCLURE,
may30'66. Administrators.

STATE & COUNTY TAX.

THE County Treasurer will attend in the several Townships and Boroughs, for the purpose of receiving the County and State Taxes for 1866, at the times and places designated below, viz:

Phillipsburg,	May 14,	Bimber's hotel;
Freedom,	15,	M'Caskey's;
Harmony,	16,	Store;
Rochester bor,	17,	Doncaster house;
Rochester tp.,	18,	do do
Beaver,	19,	Office;
Bridgewater,	21,	Proudley's hotel;
Fallston,	22,	Toll house;
New Brighton,	23 & 24,	Huron house;
Patterson,	25,	Store;
Beaver,	26,	Office;
Georgetown,	28,	Hotel;
Glasgow and Ohio tp,	29,	Jesse Smith's hotel;
Island Run,	30,	Darragh's store;
Industry,	31,	Aber's store;
Pulaski,	June 1,	R. Wallace's;
Economy,	15,	G. Neely's;
Franklin,	18,	Autenreith's store;
Marion,	19,	G. Hartzell's;
North Sewickly,	20,	N. Hazen's;
New Sewickly,	21,	G. Rauscher's;
Darlington boro,	25,	A. J. Cook's;
Darlington tp,	26,	J. P. Dilworth's;
B. Beaver, Galilee,	27,	Græbing's hotel;
B. Beaver, Homewood,	28,	Johnston's hotel;
Chippewa,	29,	Mrs. Cunningham's;
Beaver,	30,	Office;
Brighton,	July 2,	R. Eakin's;
S. Beaver,	5,	Jos. Lawrence's;
do and Ohio,	6,	Kerr's store;
Ohio,	7,	M. R. Deringer's;
Hookstown,	9,	Swearingen's hotel.
do and Greene,	10,	do do
Hanover and Greene,	11,	H. Hutchinson's;
Frankfort,	12,	H. M. M'Cutcheon's;
Hanover,	13,	Adams' store;
Beaver,	14,	Office;
Raccoon,	16,	D. Ewing's;
Independence,	17,	John Holmes';
Hopewell & Indepen'ce	18,	Johnston's store;
Hopewell,	19,	R. Scott's;
Moon,	20,	Wm Elliot's.

☞ Payments can be made in the adjoining districts. All licenses must be paid before the 1st of July.

M. R. ADAMS,
April9'66:2m. Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS:

FORMERLY

The Dime Savings Institution,

67 *FOURTH STREET,*

Nearly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh.—Chartered in 1862.

Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to Nov. 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock; and from Nov. 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.

BOOK OF BY-LAWS, &c., furnished at the office gratis.

This Institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.

Board of Managers:

President—GEO. A. BERRY.
Vice Prest's—S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, jr.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. M. M'KINLEY.

A. Bradley,	Wm. K. Nimick,
A. S. Bell,	F. Rahm,
John S. Dilworth,	Joshua Rhodes,
G. Follansbee,	John Scott,
H. H. Graham,	Robert C. Schmertz,

Christopher Zug.
Solicitors—D. W. and A. S. Bell. [my16:1m

Agents Wanted for our New and Beautiful work,

THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF

ANECDOTES and INCIDENTS OF THE REBELLION:

Heroic, Patriotic, Political, Romantic, Humorous and Tragical.

Splendidly Illustrated with over 300 fine portraits and beautiful Engravings.

This work for genial humor, tender pathos, startling interest, and attractive beauty, stands peerless and alone among all its competitors. The Valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvellous, the Tender and Pathetic. The Roll of Fame and Story, Camp, Picket, Spy, Scout, Bivouac, and Siege; Startling Surprises; Wonderful Escapes. Famous Words and Deeds of Woman, and the whole Panorama of the War are here thrillingly and startlingly portrayed in a masterly manner, at once historical and romantic, rendering it the most ample, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth.

Disabled officers and soldiers, teachers, energetic young men, and all in want of profitable employment, will find this the best chance to make money ever yet offered. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address

NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO,
No. 507 Minor Street.
may30:1m PHILADELPHIA, PA.

BRUSH FACTORY REMOVED.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM all who deal in or use BRUSHES that he has removed his BRUSH MANUFACTORY from No. 26 Fifth street to No. 120 Wood street, two doors above Fifth, where he will be able to offer the most complete stock of brushes ever offered in Pittsburg, and at prices that will defy competition, and of a quality unsurpassed in point of style and durability. Wholesale dealers will find it greatly to their advantage to call at our new establishment and examine our stock and prices before going East to purchase. We will very willingly duplicate any eastern bill of goods.

D. STEWART,
120 WOOD STREET,
my16'66.—1m. Two Doors above Fifth.

HEALY'S PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov22'65 C. LUDWICK.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN WALTON, late of Brighton tp, Beaver county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Ex'r.
apr18'66. Brighton tp.

WM. B. CLARKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 85 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURG, PA.

WILL GIVE PROMPT ATTENTION TO Collections, and the purchase and sale of Real Estate. And will also attend to the business of his profession in Beaver Co. [ap25

NEW GOODS!

WE have just received one of the Largest and most Complete stock of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Cassimeres, Tweeds, Muslins, Prints, Ginghams, Checks, &c.,

Ever offered to the public in this city,

Also, a splendid assortment of

Ladies', Misses and Children's SHAWLS,

All qualities, styles and prices, at greatly reduced rates.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

The Largest Stock and best Assortment of Carpets, Floor Oill Cloths, Hearth Rugs, Matts, &c., ever offered, and at extremely low prices.

Persons in want of [illegible] in our line, would do well to give us a call, as we are determined to sell our stock at prices which will astonish all.

☞ *Remember the place:*

DUNLAP, LUKER & CO.,
136 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-house,
apr3:2m] ALLEGHENY CITY.

C. C. A[illegible]GEO,

DEALER IN

AMERICAN
AND SWISS WATCHES,
DIAMONDS
AND FINE JEWELY,
SILVER SPOONS AND FORKS,
FINE TABLE KNIVES,
SILVER PLATED WARE,
FRENCH CLOCKS & BRONZES,
AMERICAN CLOCKS,
Fancy Goods, &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Watches.

No. 22, FIFTH STREET,
mar14'66—1y] *Pittsburg, Pa.*

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS!

I HAVE just received a new stock of Goods, of the

LATEST STYLES,

FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

apr25'66 BRIDGEWATER.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE next Term opens April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $5,50, $8,50, and $12,50, according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address

mar28'65. R. T. TAYLOR.

PITTSBURG NATIONAL PLOW CO.,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

ARE MANUFACTURING all the Varieties of

Steel and Cast Iron Plows,

and would call the attention of the Farmers of Beaver county, wishing to purchase Plows or Plow Points, to the Superior Finish and Quality of our Work.

☞ ALL WORK WARRANTED ☜

The Points and Landslides fit the corresponding numbers of Pittsburg plows.

☞ Old plow castings bought. [apr18:1y

SAVE YOUR HEALTH BY BUYING Pure Medicines!

AT

JAMES K. PARDEE'S,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,)

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
CHEMICALS, and
FINE LIQUORS;
Also, a full Assortment of
WINDOW GLASS,
PAINTS,
LINSEED OIL,
NEAT'S FOOT OIL,
SPERM OIL,
LARD OIL,
CARBON OIL,
AND
PURE AND SECOND QUALITY
WHITE LEAD;
ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,
ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,
THE BEST PERFUMERY,
FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,
AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS
FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of Patent Medicines always on hand.

ALSO, CIGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for cash and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As my assistant, Mr. LOUIS BREHM, is a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon having their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

Rochester, March [illegible]—1y

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN.

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

New Barber-Shop!

SHAVING HAIR-CUTTING, SHAMPOOING, &c.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS having just returned from the army, where he has served for almost three years, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he has opened his shop in the north end of the MARKET HOUSE, BRIDGEWATER, where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to business, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just stop in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [dec13;2m

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NOTICE

IS hereby given that there will be a meeting of the "Beaver County Oil Co." at the U. S. Revenue office, on the 16th day of June, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of organizing under the General Law.

D. L. IMBRIE, Pres't.
S. DAVENPORT, Sec'y. my23.

Piano for Sale.

THE undersigned has received from the factory of Chickering & Son, a NEW PIANO, *perfect in every respect*, which he will sell at a low figure. Please call and examine.

B. AMBUHL,
Beaver, May 23.2t Musical Institute.

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK..........$80,000.
80,000 Shares of Par Value of..........$1,00 each.
WORKING CAPITAL..........$13,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 29th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.
TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.
DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman,	Robt. A. Cochran,

Charles F. Kendall.

☞ A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞ Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.
my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE, IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES
And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,
AND
DYE STUFFS:
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,
BRUSHES.
PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any Drug Store in the county.

[illegible] Female Pills 75 cents per box; [illegible] $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of *Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Window Glass and Putty,* ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug-Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more.

Dec13,'65. J. MOORE.

GO TO THE ROCHESTER *Marble Works.*

W. H. Marshall

EXECUTES ALL KINDS OF

Plain and Ornamental Work.

MONUMENTS, Head and Foot Stones, of the best Italian and American Marble, at the shortest notice, and the lowest prices.

I have on hands over One Hundred sets of Plain and Ornamental Head-stones, which I am offering at 10 per cent less than city prices.

All those wishing anything in my line, call early and examine my stock.

Also, the best quality of Grind Stones on hands.

Rochester, Mar. 21st, '66—3m.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST:

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH PERFECTLY FITTED, ARTICULATED, SHAPED, SIZED AND COLORED, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American vulcanite. All the new styles of combination work warranted to give perfect satisfaction. No charge for extracting, when teeth are to be inserted.

Also, a fine assortment of Tooth Washes, Powders, Brushes, &c., kept constantly on hand.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [mar26'66—6m.

Laughing Gas!!!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN suffering the untold miseries of Toothache, and Dread of Extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Son are ready to Relieve you by the use of the Great Pain Destroyer, *Laughing Gas!* and make it a source of Pleasure rather than Pain!

All Dental Operations performed in the best possible manner, and at as reasonable terms as any good Dentist in the county.

☞ Office in Rochester Beaver Station.

my1'66 T. J. CHANDLER & SON.

IF you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store.

"Use the Best!" DR. CLOCK'S

EXCELSIOR HAIR RESTORER IS THE best ever offered to the public and the only one possessing all the merits claimed for it.—*It restores gray hair to its original color, makes hair grow on bald heads* when falling off from disease; removes Scruff, Dandruff, etc.; arrests its *falling off or turning gray*; cures sick headache and *all diseases of the scalp*; causes harsh, wiry hair to become soft, pliable and luxuriantly glossy. It is *elegantly perfumed*, and all that can be desired for a dressing. It contains *no sugar of lead or other mineral so injurious to the head and hair*, and of which most preparations now in use are composed; but is a *purely vegetable compound.* WE CHALLENGE THE WORLD to produce an instance where the Restorer has failed when used according to directions. Among the thousands who have used it we have yet to learn of *one* who is not perfectly satisfied with its resuls. *Hair white as snow* is with *marvelous rapidity* restored to all its *pristine beauty* by its use. *It is not a dye;* but by supplying the secretions of the capillary glanets acts as a restorer. Mothers, whose children's hair is *harsh, wiry, or thin and scanty*, will find by using the Restorer it will *immediately* improve and may be dressed in any desired form, thus laying the foundation for a good *head of hair*, so desirable in after life. The proprietor is aware of the many who have been disappointed by the high sounding pretense of the numerous preparations with which the market has been filled for a few years past, but such *entire confidence* does he place in the *merits* of his Restorer that he offers, in all cases, *to refund the money* if, after a *thorough trial of two bottles*, it fails to give perfect satisfaction. A *single* trial will convince the *most skeptical of its merits.* Put up in large bottles and sold by all druggists at $1 pr bottle.

DR. F. B. CLOCK, Proprietor,
Manchester, N. H.

J. MOORE, Druggist, Beaver Agent for Rochester, Bridgewater and Beaver. McClaren & McKennan, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg, Pa. [jan31'66—6m.

A CARD TO THE LADIES.

Dr. Duponco's Golden Periodical Pills, FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularties, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from Whatever Cause, and ALWAYS SUCCESSFUL AS A PREVENTIVE.

It is now over thirty years since the above celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of Ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any Irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family, where health will not permit it. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibilities after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health otherwise the Pills are recommded.

Price $1,00 per Box. Six Boxes $5,00.

Sold by S. Smith, Bridgewater. Noble & Hamilton, Beaver, S. Hannen, Rochester.

Ladies! By sending $1,00 to either of the above agents, can have the pills sent (confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, or address the Proprietor,

S. D. HOWE,
oct 25'65-1yr. New York.

HO! EVERYBODY!

BEAVER BOOT AND SHOE EMPORIUM!

EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION

TO PURCHASERS!

HAVING just received a large stock of LADIES', GENT'S BOYS' & CHILDREN'S SHOES BOOTS. GAITERS, SLIPPERS, &c.,

For Spring and Summer Wear,

FROM PHILADELPHIA;

I am prepared to accommodate my old customers and the public generally. I have the best selected stock ever offered in Beaver, purchased at reduced prices, and will be sold at rates so low that purchasers will be reminded of old times. If any of the stock sold should rip, I will repair it free of charge. Thankful for past favors, I still claim a liberal share of public patronage.

ROBT TALLON,
(At Old Stand,)
apr18 BEAVER, PA.

WANTED, AGENTS—$75 to $200 PER MONTH for gentlemen, and $35 to $75 for ladies, everywhere, to introduce the Celebrated Common Sense Family Sewing Machine, improved and perfected. It will hem, fell, stitch, quilt, bind, braid and embroider beautifully. Price only $20, making the elastic lock stitch, and fully warranted for three years. We pay the above wages, or a commission, from which twice that amount can be made. Address, with stamp, or call on C. BOWERS & CO., Salesrooms, No. 255 South FIFTH street, Philadelphia, Pa. All letters answered promptly, with circulars and terms.

May30,'66—4t.

Farm for Sale.

THE east end of the Farm known as the Andrew Glass property, situate in Ohio township, Beaver county; containing *One Hundred and Forty Acres*, about one hundred acres cleared and under a good state of cultivation, is offered for sale. A good orchard on the premises. It lays on the head waters of Beahler's Run, within two miles of the celebrated Island Run oil regions, and is said to be good oil territory. For particulars, inquire of John Johnston near the premises, or of Joseph Lawrence, South Beaver tp.

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W. having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply.

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oc25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't. Beaver.

BARBER, HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.